

# THIS MANUAL MUST BE LEFT WITH THE HOMEOWNER FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

#### General

This XP25 outdoor heat pump is designed for use with HFC-410A refrigerant only.

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Consult authorities having jurisdiction before installation.

IMPORTANT: BEFORE APPLYING ANY POWER (MAIN, SOLAR OR LOW VOLTAGE) TO THE OUTDOOR UNIT, THE FIELD MUST CONFIRM ICOMFORT *Wi-FI*® THERMOSTAT HAS VERSION 2.1 OR HIGHER SOFTWARE. (REFERENCE ICOMFORT *WI-FI*® THERMOSTAT MANUAL)

THIS UNIT IS A INTEGRAL COMPONENT OF A SYSTEM THAT WILL REQUIRE AN ICOMFORT  $WI-FI^{(0)}$  THERMOSTAT AND ICOMFORT IIII-ENABLED AIR HANDLER OR FURNACE.



# INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

# Dave Lennox Signature® Collection XP25 System

HEAT PUMPS 507005-01 7/2018

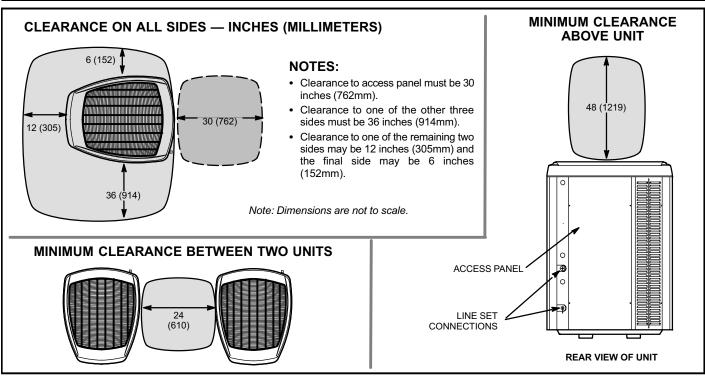


# **AWARNING**

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

Installation and service must be performed by a licensed HVAC professional installer (or equivalent) or service agency.

#### STEP 1 -- SETTING THE UNIT -- Clearances

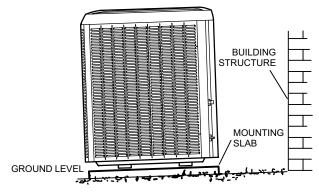


# TWO 90° ELBOWS INSTALLED IN LINE SET WILL REDUCE LINE SET VIBRATION.

#### **Outside Unit Placement**

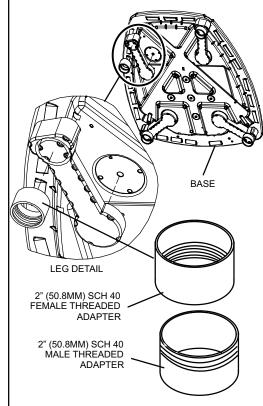
## **DETAIL B**

INSTALL UNIT LEVEL OR, IF ON A SLOPE, MAINTAIN SLOPE TOLERANCE OF 2 DEGREES (OR 2 INCHES PER 5 FEET [50 MM PER 1.5 M]) AWAY FROM BUILDING STRUCTURE.



**Slab Mounting at Ground Level** 

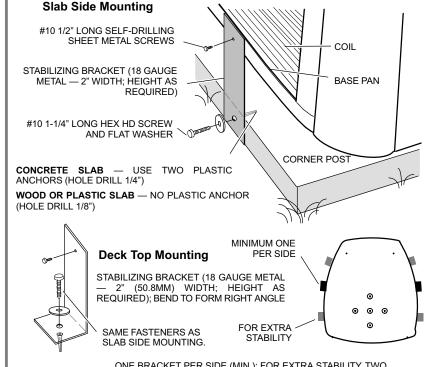
## **DETAIL C**



USE ADDITIONAL 2" SCH 40 MALE THREADED ADAPT-ERS WHICH CAN BE THREADED INTO THE FEMALE THREADED ADAPTERS TO MAKE ADDITIONAL AD-JUSTMENTS TO THE LEVEL OF THE UNIT.

# Elevated Slab Mounting using Feet Extenders

## **DETAIL D**



ONE BRACKET PER SIDE (MIN.); FOR EXTRA STABILITY, TWO BRACKETS PER SIDE, 2" (50.8MM) FROM EACH CORNER.

#### Stabilizing Unit on Uneven Surfaces

**IMPORTANT** — To help stabilize an outdoor unit, some installations may require strapping the unit to the pad using brackets and anchors commonly available in the market-place.

#### NOTICE!

#### Roof Damage!

This system contains both refrigerant and oil. Some rubber roofing material may absorb oil, causing the rubber to degrade. Failure to follow this notice could result in damage to roof surface.

#### IMPORTANT!

Exhaust vents from dryers, water heaters and furnaces should be directed away from the outdoor unit. Prolonged exposure to exhaust gases and the chemicals contained within them may cause condensation to form on the steel cabinet and other metal components of the outdoor unit. This will diminish unit performance and longevity.

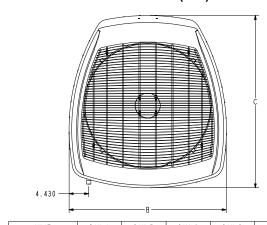
# **▲ WARNING**

To prevent personal injury, as well as damage to panels, unit or structure, observe the following:

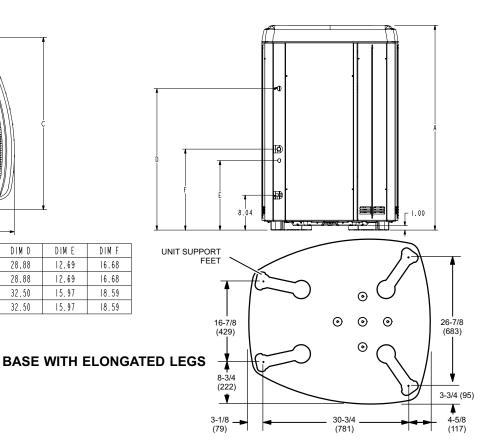
While installing or servicing this unit, carefully stow all removed panels so that the panels will not cause injury to personnel, objects or nearby structures. Also, take care to store panels where they will not be subject to damage (e.g., being bent or scratched).

While handling or stowing the panels, consider any weather conditions (especially wind) that may cause panels to be blown around and damaged.

#### **UNIT DIMENSIONS - INCHES (MM)**



UNIT	DIM A	DIM B	DIM C	DIM D	DIM E	DIM F
-024	37.00	35.50	39.40	28.88	12.69	16.68
-036	37.00	35.50	39.40	28.88	12.69	16.68
-048	47.00	35.50	39.40	32.50	15.97	18.59
-060	47.00	35.50	39.40	32.50	15.97	18.59



#### STEP 2 -- REFRIGERANT PIPING --Flushing and Adding Refrigerant for Long Line Sets

Flush existing line set per industry standards. For more information concerning flushing procedures, refer to the XP25 Installation and Service Procedures available on LennoxPROS.com. CAUTION - DO NOT attempt to flush and re-use existing line sets or indoor coil when the system contains contaminants (i.e., compressor burn out).

#### **IMPORTANT!**

During installation, service or maintenance, make sure that copper tubing does not rub against metal edges or other copper tubing. Care should also be taken to ensure that tubing does not become kinked. Use wire ties to secure tubing to prevent movement.

Do not secure electrical wires to tubing that carries hot refrigerant gas. Heat from the tubing may melt the wiring insulation causing a short circuit.

#### **IMPORTANT!**

If this unit is being matched with an approved line set or indoor unit coil that was previously charged with mineral oil, or if it is being matched with a coil which was manufactured before January of 1999, the coil and line set must be flushed prior to installation. Take care to empty all existing traps. Polyol ester (POE) oils are used in Lennox units charged with HFC-410A refrigerant. Residual mineral oil can act as an insulator, preventing proper heat transfer. It can also clog the expansion device and reduce system performance and capacity.

Failure to properly flush the system per the XP25 Installation and Service Procedures will void the warranty.

## **A** CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

## **▲ WARNING**

Polyol ester (POE) oils used with HFC-410A refrigerant absorb moisture very quickly. It is very important that the refrigerant system be kept closed as much as possible. DO NOT remove line set caps or service valve stub caps until you are ready to make connections.

## **▲** WARNING

Refrigerant can be harmful if it is inhaled. Refrigerant must be used and recovered responsibly.

Failure to follow this warning may result in personal injury or death.

# **AWARNING**



Fire, Explosion and Personal Safety Hazard. Failure to follow this warning could result in damage, personal injury or death. Never use oxygen to pressurize or purge refrigeration lines. Oxygen, when exposed to a spark or open flame, can cause fire and/or an explosion, that could result in property damage, personal injury or death.

# **AWARNING**



When using a high pressure gas such as nitrogen to pressurize a refrigeration or air conditioning system, use a regulator that can control the pressure down to 1 or 2 psig (6.9 to 13.8 kPa).

#### **IMPORTANT!**

Some scroll compressors have an internal vacuum protector that will unload scrolls when suction pressure goes below 20 psig. A hissing sound will be heard when the compressor is running unloaded. Protector will reset when low pressure in system is raised above 40 psig. DO NOT REPLACE COMPRESSOR.

#### **IMPORTANT!**

If unit is equipped with a crankcase heater, and outdoor ambient temperature is below 60°F, unit should be energized 24 hours before start-up to prevent compressor damage as a result of slugging.

The XP25 is a variable capacity cooling and heat pump system utilizing variable speed compressor technology. With the variable speed compressor and variable pumping capacity, additional consideration must be given to refrigerant piping sizing and application. The guidelines below are to be used exclusively for the XP25 systems.

#### **HEAT PUMP SYSTEM (HFC-410A)**

 Total equivalent length equals 180 feet (piping and all fittings included).

NOTE — Length is general guide. Lengths may be more or less, depending on remaining system design factors.

- Maximum linear (actual) length = 150 feet.
- Maximum linear liquid lift = 60 feet.

*NOTE* —- Maximum lifts are dependent on total length, number of elbows, etc. that contribute to total pressure drop.

- Maximum length vapor riser equals 60 feet.
- Up to 50 Linear Feet: Use rated line sizes listed in table 1.
- Between 51 150 Linear Feet: Crankcase heater and non-bleed port TXV factory installed. No additional components required. Vertical vapor riser must be sized to the vapor riser listed in the table 2 on systems with line sets longer than 51 feet. Use tables 2 and 3 to determine the correct liquid and vapor line sizes.
- Over 150 Linear Feet: not recommended.
- Additional oil is not required for systems with line lengths up to 150 feet except for the XP25-048 and XP25-060, which will required 2 ounces of oil for every 10 feet beyond 100 feet. Recommended POE oils are Mobil EAL ARCTIC 22 CC or ICI EMKARATE® RL32CF.

#### **SUCTION TRAPS**

For systems with the outdoor unit 5 - 60 feet above the indoor unit, one trap must be installed at the bottom of the suction riser.

Table 1. Standard Refrigerant Line Set — Up to 50 Linear Feet

Inches (mm)								
Valve S	Valve Size Connections		Recommended Line Sets					
Liquid Line	Suction Line	L15 Line Set Model	Line Set Length	Catalog Number				
		L15-65-30	30 feet (9.1 m)	89J60				
3/8" (10 mm)	7/8" (22 mm)	L15-65-40	40 feet (12.2 m)	89J61				
		L15-65-50	50 feet (15.2 m)	89J62				
3/8" (10 mm)	1-1/8" (29 mm) **	Field-fabricated						
	Liquid Line 3/8" (10 mm)	Valve Size Connections  Liquid Line Suction Line  3/8" (10 mm) 7/8" (22 mm)	Valve Size Connections         F           Liquid Line         Suction Line         L15 Line Set Model           3/8" (10 mm)         7/8" (22 mm)         L15-65-30           L15-65-40         L15-65-50	Valve Size Connections         Recommended Line Se           Liquid Line         Suction Line         L15 Line Set Model         Line Set Length           3/8" (10 mm)         7/8" (22 mm)         L15-65-30         30 feet (9.1 m)           L15-65-40         40 feet (12.2 m)         L15-65-50         50 feet (15.2 m)				

<sup>\*</sup> Applicable to all minor revision numbers unless otherwise specified.

Table 2. Line Set Guidelines Between — 51 - 150 Linear Length

Unit Size	Maximum Total Equivalent Length (ft)	Maximum Linear (actual) Length (ft)	Maximum Vapor Riser (ft)	Maximum Linear Liquid Lift (ft)	Preferred Vapor Line Sizes for Horizontal Runs	Required Vapor Riser Size
-024	180	150	60	60	7/8"	5/8"
-036	180	150	60	60	7/8"	3/4"
-048	180	150	60	60	7/8"	7/8"
-060	180	150	60	60	7/8"	7/8"

**Table 3. Liquid Line Diameter Selection Table** 

Unit Size	Line Size	Total Linear Length (feet)						
	Line Size	25	50	75	100	125	150	
-024	5/16"	25	50	55	48	40	33	
	3/8"	25	50	60	60	60	60	Ma
-036	3/8"	25	50	60	56	51	45	<u> </u>
	1/2"	25	50	60	60	60	60	—Ee
-048	3/8"	25	50	50	41	31	22	/ati
	1/2"	25	50	60	60	60	60	9
-060	3/8"	25	50	36	22	8	NR	€
	1/2"	25	50	60	60	60	59	

Note - Shaded rows indicate rated liquid line size

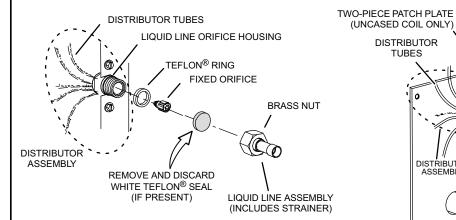
- 1. Find your unit on the left side of the table.
- 2. Start with the rated liquid line size (shaded row) on the outdoor unit
- 3. Select the actual total linear length of your system shown at the top of the table.
- 4. The elevation listed in the table is the maximum allowed for the liquid line listed.
- 5. Select or consider the larger liquid line size shown in the table if the elevation does not meet your requirements.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Some applications may required a field-provided 1-1/8" to 7/8" adapter.

OR

#### TYPICAL EXISTING FIXED ORIFICE REMOVAL PROCEDURE (UNCASED COIL SHOWN)

#### TYPICAL EXISTING EXPANSION VALVE REMOVAL PROCEDURE (UNCASED COIL SHOWN)



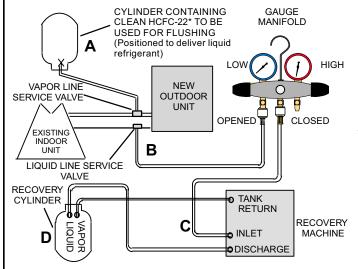
- On fully cased coils, remove the coil access and plumbing panels.
- 7. Remove any shipping clamps from the liquid line and distributor as-
- 8. Using two wrenches, disconnect liquid line from liquid line orifice housing. Take care not to twist or damage distributor tubes during this pro-
- Remove and discard fixed orifice, valve stem assembly (if present) and Teflon® washer as illustrated above.
- Use a field-provided fitting to temporarily reconnect the liquid line to the indoor unit's liquid line orifice housing.

#### LIQUID LINE CHECK (UNCASED COIL ONLY) ORIFICE **EXPANSION** HOUSING VALVE **DISTRIBUTOR TUBES** TEEL ON RING TEFLON<sup>®</sup> SENSING RING LINE 1 DISTRIBUTOR **EQUALIZER** ASSEMBLY LINE LIQUID LINE ASSEMBLY WITH **BRASS NUT** MALE EQUALIZER LINE FITTING VAPOR LIQUID SENSING BULB LINE LINE On fully cased coils, remove the coil access and plumbing panels.

STUB END

- Remove any shipping clamps from the liquid line and distributor
- Disconnect the equalizer line from the check expansion valve equalizer line fitting on the vapor line.
- Remove the vapor line sensing bulb.
- Disconnect the liquid line from the check expansion valve at the liquid line assembly.
- Disconnect the check expansion valve from the liquid line orifice housing. Take care not to twist or damage distributor tubes during this
- Remove and discard check expansion valve and the two Teflon® rings.
- Use a field-provided fitting to temporarily reconnect the liquid line to the indoor unit's liquid line orifice housing.

#### **CONNECT GAUGES AND EQUIPMENT FOR FLUSHING PROCEDURE**



- HCFC-22 cylinder with clean refrigerant\* (positioned to deliver liquid refrigerant) to the vapor service valve.
- HCFC-22 gauge set (low side) to the liquid line valve.
- HCFC-22 gauge set center port to inlet on the recovery machine with an 4. empty recovery tank connected to the gauge set.
- Connect recovery tank to recovery machine per machine instructions.

### **FLUSHING LINE SET**

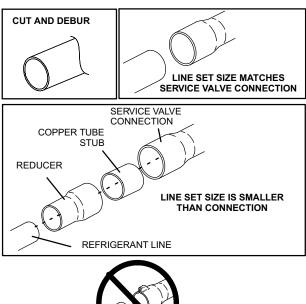
The line set and indoor unit coil must be flushed with at least the same amount of clean refrigerant\* that previously charged the system. Check the charge in the flushing cylinder before proceeding.

- Set the recovery machine for liquid recovery and start the recovery machine. Open the gauge set valves to allow the recovery machine to pull a vacuum on the existing system line set and indoor unit coil.
- Position the cylinder of clean HCFC-22\* for delivery of liquid refrigerant and open its valve to allow liquid refrigerant to flow into the system through the vapor line valve. Allow the refrigerant to pass from the cylinder and through the line set and the indoor unit coil before it enters the recovery machine.
- After all of the liquid refrigerant has been recovered, switch the recovery machine to vapor recovery so that all of the HCFC-22 vapor is recovered. Allow the recovery machine to pull the system down to 0.
- Close the valve on the inverted HCFC-22 drum and the gauge set valves. Pump the remaining refrigerant out of the recovery machine and turn the machine off.

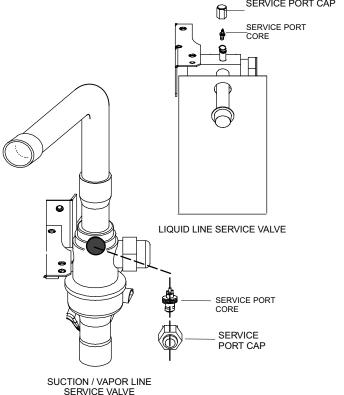
\*IMPORTANT - Clean refrigerant is any refrigerant in a system that has not had compressor burn out. If the system has experienced burn out, it is recommended that the existing line set and indoor coil be replaced.

#### STEP 2 -- REFRIGERANT PIPING -- Brazing Procedures

PIPING PANEL REMOVAL / PREPARING LINE SET
Remove piping panel to access service valves. Cut
ends of the refrigerant lines square (free from nicks or
dents) and debur the ends. The pipe must remain
round. Do not crimp end of the line.



2 CAP AND CORE REMOVAL
Remove service cap and core from both the suction
/ vapor and liquid line service ports.



DO NOT CRIMP SERVICE VALVE CONNECTOR WHEN PIPE IS SMALLER THAN CONNECTION

# 3 ATTACH THE MANIFOLD GAUGE SET FOR BRAZING LIQUID AND SUCTION / VAPOR LINE SERVICE VALVES

- A. Connect gauge set low pressure side to liquid line service valve (service port).
- **B.** Connect gauge set center port to bottle of nitrogen with regulator.
- C. With valve core removed from the suction / vapor line service port, nitrogen flow will have an exit point.

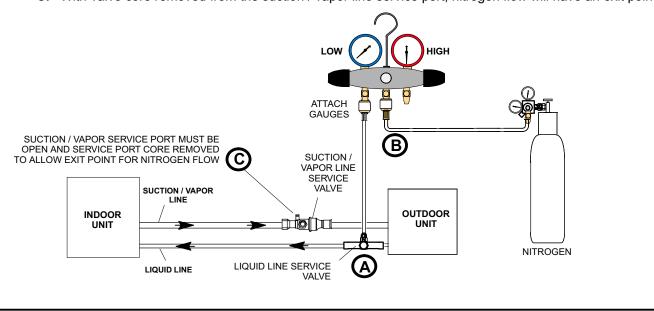


FIGURE 3

# **▲** CAUTION

Brazing alloys and flux contain materials which are hazardous to your health.

Avoid breathing vapors or fumes from brazing operations. Perform operations only in well-ventilated areas.

Wear gloves and protective goggles or face shield to protect against burns.

Wash hands with soap and water after handling brazing alloys and flux.

# **▲** WARNING



Danger of fire. Bleeding the refrigerant charge from only the high side may result in pressurization of the low side shell and suction tubing. Application of a brazing torch to a pressurized system may result in ignition of the refrigerant and oil mixture. Check the high and low pressures before applying heat.

#### WRAP SERVICE VALVES

To help protect service valve seals during brazing, wrap water-saturated cloths around service valve bodies and copper tube stubs. Use additional water-saturated cloths under the valve body to protect the base paint.

#### FLOW NITROGEN

Flow regulated nitrogen (at 1 to 2 psig) through the refrigeration gauge set into the valve stem port connection on the liquid service valve and out of the suction / vapor valve stem port. See steps 3A, 3B



#### WARNING

and 3C on previous page and below for manifold gauge setup.



FIRE, PERSONAL INJURY, OR PROPERTY DAMAGE may result if you do not wrap a water-saturated cloth around both liquid and suction line service valve bodies and copper tube stub while brazing the line set! The braze, when complete, must be quenched with water to absorb any residual heat.

**BRAZE LINE SET** Cloths must remain water-saturated throughout the brazing and cool-down process.

1. Braze liquid line to liquid line service valve.

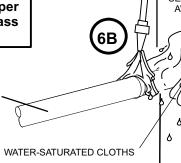
2. Braze suction / vapor line to suction / vapor service valve.

Do not open service valves until refrigerant lines and indoor coil have been leak-tested and evacuated. Refer to Installation and Service Procedures manual found on DAVENET.

#### **IMPORTANT!**

Use silver alloy brazing rods with 5% minimum silver alloy for copper-to-copper brazing and 45% alloy for copper-to-brass or copper-to-steel brazing.

SUCTION / VAPOR LINE



WHEN BRAZING LINE SET TO SERVICE VALVES, POINT FLAME AWAY FROM SERVICE VALVE

PORT MUST BE OPEN AND SERVICE PORT CORE RE-MOVED TO ALLOW EXIT POINT FOR NITROGEN FLOW

SUCTION / VAPOR SERVICE

#### **IMPORTANT!**

Allow braze joint to cool. Apply additional water-saturated cloths to help cool brazed joints. Do not remove water-saturated cloths until piping has cooled. Temperatures above 250°F will damage valve seals.





WATER-SATURATED **CLOTHS** 

#### PREPARATION FOR NEXT STEP

After all connections have been brazed, disconnect manifold gauge set from service ports. Apply additional water-saturated cloths to both services valves to cool piping. Once piping is cool, remove all water-saturated cloths.

#### STEP 3 -- INSTALLING INDOOR EXPANSION VALVE

This outdoor unit is designed for use in systems that include an check/expansion valve metering device. See the *XP25 Product Specifications bulletin* for approved check/expansion valve kit match-ups and application information. The check/expansion valve can be installed internal or external to the indoor coil. In applications where an uncased coil is being installed in a field-provided plenum, install the check/expansion valve in a manner that will provide access for future field service of the check expansion valve. Refer to below illustration for reference during installation of check/expansion valve.

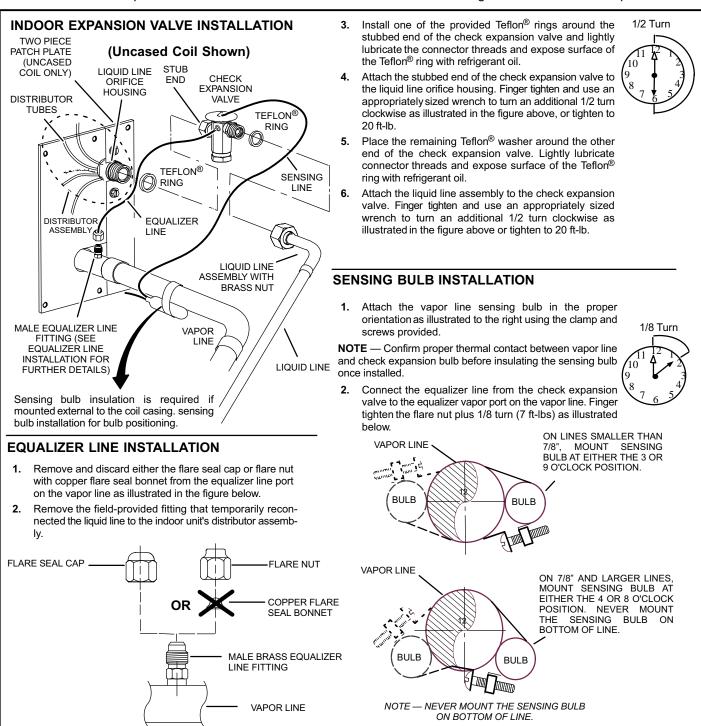
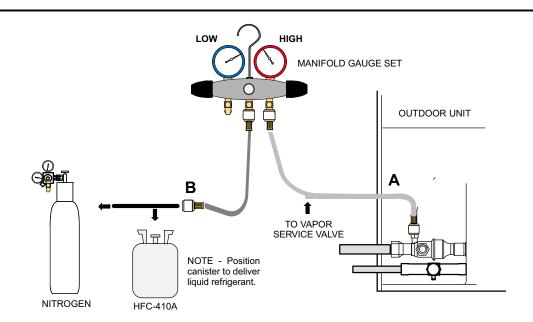


FIGURE 5

#### STEP 4 -- LEAK TEST AND EVACUATION



#### **▲ CONNECT GAUGE SET**

- A. Connect the high pressure hose of an HFC-410A manifold gauge set to the vapor valve service port.
  NOTE Normally, the high pressure hose is connected to the liquid line port. However, connecting it to the vapor port better protects the manifold gauge set from high pressure damage.
- **B.** With both manifold valves closed, connect the cylinder of HFC-410A refrigerant to the center port of the manifold gauge set.

**NOTE** — Later in the procedure, the HFC-410A container will be replaced by the nitrogen container.

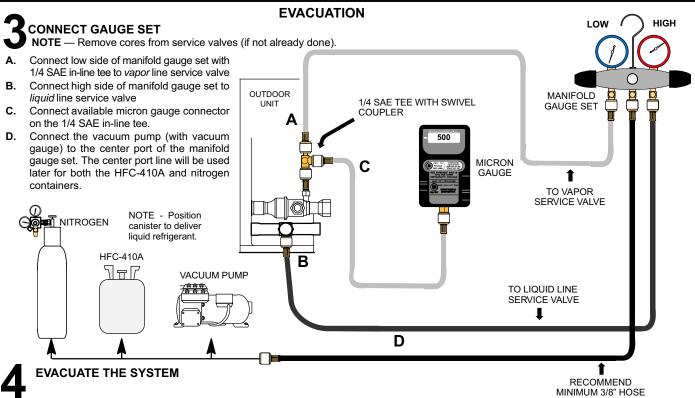
#### TEST FOR LEAKS

After the line set has been connected to the indoor and outdoor units, check the line set connections and indoor unit for leaks. Use the following procedure to test for leaks:

- **A.** With both manifold valves closed, connect the cylinder of HFC-410A refrigerant to the center port of the manifold gauge set. Open the valve on the HFC-410A cylinder (vapor only).
- **B.** Open the high pressure side of the manifold to allow HFC-410A into the line set and indoor unit. Weigh in a trace amount of HFC-410A. [A trace amount is a maximum of two ounces (57 g) refrigerant or three pounds (31 kPa) pressure.] Close the valve on the HFC-410A cylinder and the valve on the high pressure side of the manifold gauge set. Disconnect the HFC-410A cylinder.
- **C.** Connect a cylinder of nitrogen with a pressure regulating valve to the center port of the manifold gauge set.
- **D.** Adjust nitrogen pressure to 150 psig (1034 kPa). Open the valve on the high side of the manifold gauge set in order to pressurize the line set and the indoor unit.
- **E.** After a few minutes, open one of the service valve ports and verify that the refrigerant added to the system earlier is measurable with a leak detector.
- **F.** After leak testing, disconnect gauges from service ports.

FIGURE 6

#### STEP 4 -- LEAK TEST AND EVACUATION (Continued)



- A. Open both manifold valves and start the vacuum pump.
- B. Evacuate the line set and indoor unit to an absolute pressure of 23,000 microns (29.01 inches of mercury).

**NOTE**— During the early stages of evacuation, it is desirable to close the manifold gauge valve at least once. A rapid rise in pressure indicates a relatively large leak. If this occurs, **repeat the leak testing procedure**.

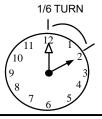
**NOTE** — The term **absolute pressure** means the total actual pressure above zero within a given volume or system. Absolute pressure in a vacuum is equal to atmospheric pressure minus vacuum pressure.

- C. When the absolute pressure reaches 23,000 microns (29.01 inches of mercury), perform the following:
  - Close manifold gauge valves.
  - Close valve on vacuum pump.
  - Turn off vacuum pump.
  - Disconnect manifold gauge center port hose from vacuum pump.
  - Attach manifold center port hose to a nitrogen cylinder with pressure regulator set to 150 psig (1034 kPa) and purge the hose.
  - Open manifold gauge valves to break the vacuum in the line set and indoor unit.
  - Close manifold gauge valves.
- **D.** Shut off the nitrogen cylinder and remove the manifold gauge hose from the cylinder. Open the manifold gauge valves to release the nitrogen from the line set and indoor unit.
- E. Reconnect the manifold gauge to the vacuum pump, turn the pump on, and continue to evacuate the line set and indoor unit until the absolute pressure does not rise above 500 microns (29.9 inches of mercury) within a 20-minute period after shutting off the vacuum pump and closing the manifold gauge valves.
- F. When the absolute pressure requirement above has been met, disconnect the manifold hose from the vacuum pump and connect it to a cylinder of HFC-410A positioned to deliver liquid refrigerant. Open the manifold gauge valve 1 to 2 psig in order to release the vacuum in the line set and indoor unit.
- G. Perform the following:
  - · Close manifold gauge valves.
  - Shut off HFC-410A cylinder.
  - Reinstall service valve cores by removing manifold hose from service valve. Quickly install cores with core
    tool while maintaining a positive system pressure.
  - Replace stem caps and finger tighten them, then tighten an additional one-sixth (1/6) of a turn as illustrated.

### **WARNING!**

#### Possible equipment damage.

Avoid deep vacuum operation. Do not use compressors to evacuate a system. Extremely low vacuum can cause internal arcing and compressor failure. Damage caused by deep vacuum operation will void warranty.



#### STEP 5 -- ELECTRICAL -- Circuit Sizing and Wire Routing

In the U.S.A., wiring must conform with current local codes and the current National Electric Code (NEC). In Canada, wiring must conform with current local codes and the current Canadian Electrical Code (CEC).

Refer to the furnace or air handler installation instructions for additional wiring application diagrams and refer to unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum overcurrent protection size.

#### **24VAC TRANSFORMER**

Use the transformer provided with the furnace or air handler for low-voltage control power (24VAC - 40 VA minimum)

# **WARNING**



Electrical Hazard High Voltage Wait 5 Minutes

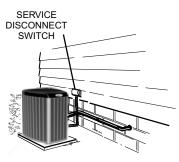
Electrical components may hold charge. Do not remove this panel or service this area for 5 minutes after the power has been removed.

# **A**CAUTION

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) Precautions and Procedures Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take care during unit installation and service to protect the unit's electronic controls. Precautions will help to avoid control exposure to electrostatic discharge by putting the unit, the control and the technician at the same electrostatic potential. Touch hand and all tools on an unpainted before unit surface performing any service procedure to neutralize electrostatic charge.

# SIZE CIRCUIT AND INSTALL DISCONNECT SWITCH

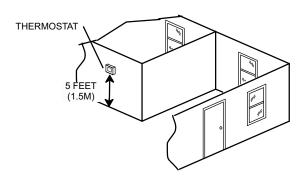
Refer to the unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity, and maximum fuse or circuit breaker size (HACR per NEC). Install power wiring and properly sized disconnect switch.



**NOTE** — Units are approved for use only with copper conductors. Ground unit at disconnect switch or connect to an earth ground.

## **←** INSTALL THERMOSTAT

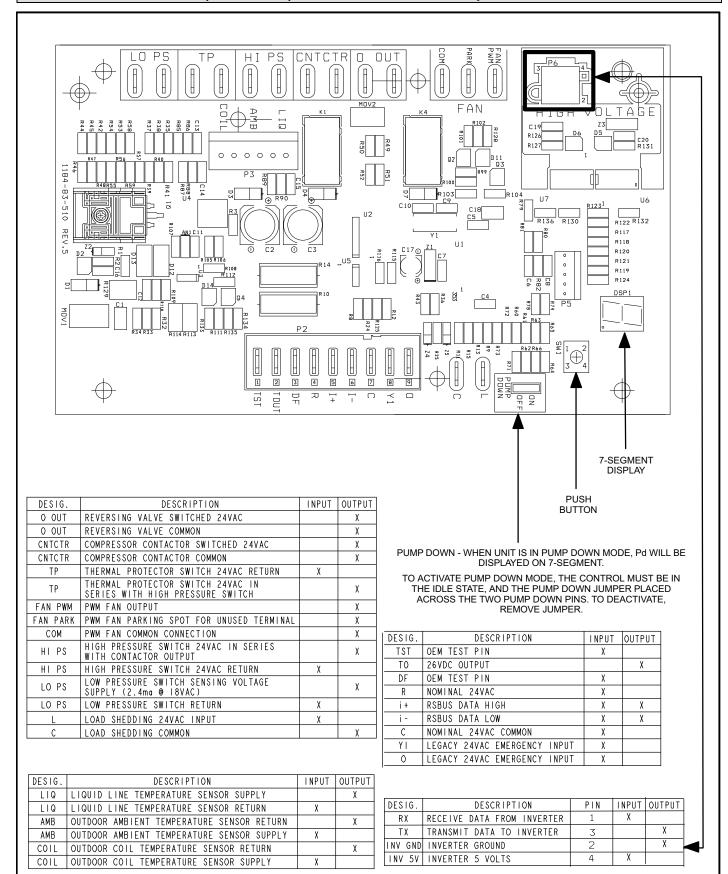
Install room thermostat (ordered separately) on an inside wall in the center of the conditioned area and 5 feet (1.5m) from the floor. The thermostat should not be installed on an outside wall or where it can be affected by sunlight or drafts.



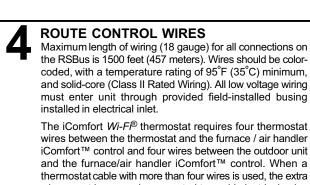
**NOTE** — 24VAC, Class II circuit connections are made in the control box.

FIGURE 8

#### STEP 3 -- ELECTRICAL (Continued) -- Outdoor Control Jumper and Terminals

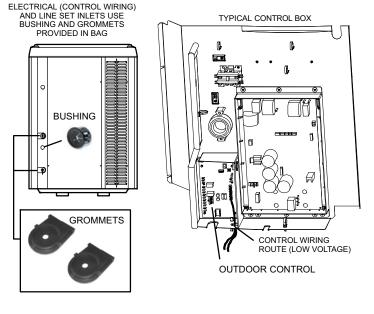


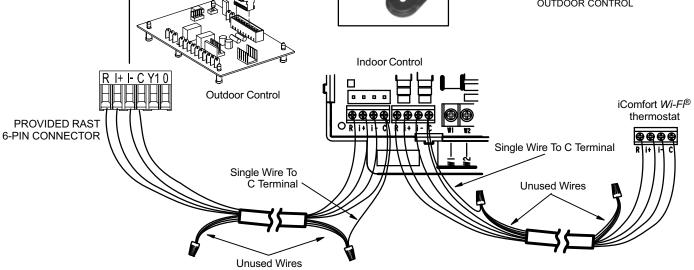
#### FIGURE 9



The iComfort Wi-Fi® thermostat requires four thermostat wires between the thermostat and the furnace / air handler iComfort™ control and four wires between the outdoor unit and the furnace/air handler iComfort™ control. When a thermostat cable with more than four wires is used, the extra wires must be properly connected to avoid electrical noise (see below).

Use a wire nut to bundle the four unused wires at each end of the cable. Each bundle should also include an additional wire that should be connected on each end to the C terminal as shown in the figure below.





#### **ROUTE HIGH VOLTAGE AND GROUND WIRES**

Any excess high voltage field wiring should be trimmed and secured away from any low voltage field wiring. To facilitate a conduit, a cutout is located side panel of the control box. Connect conduit to the control box using a proper conduit fitting.

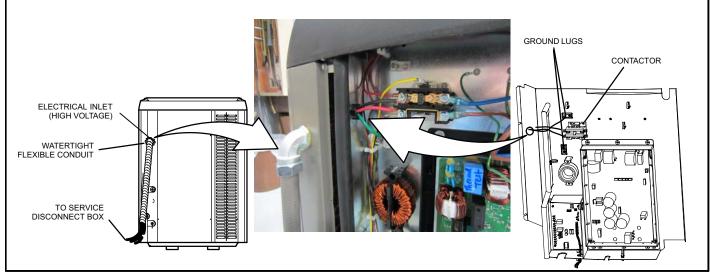


FIGURE 10

#### NOTICE!

For more in-depth information, consult the Installation and Service Procedures manual, available as Corp. 1252-L11 on LennoxPROS.com or through the Technical Support department at 800-453-6669.

#### **Heat Pump Control -- Defrost Operation**

A full description of the heat pump control can be found in the detailed installation and service procedure manual available on LennoxPROS.com.

The master control measures differential temperatures to detect when the system is performing poorly because of frost build-up on the outdoor coil. The heat pump control self-calibrates when the defrost system starts and after each system defrost cycle. The heat pump control monitors ambient temperature, outdoor coil temperature, and total run-time to determine when a defrost cycle is required. The coil temperature sensor is designed with a spring clip to allow mounting to the outside coil tubing. The location of the coil sensor is important for proper defrost operation. Detailed information is given in the XP25 Installation and Service Procedures Corp. 1252-L11, which is available on LennoxPROS.com.

NOTE - The heat pump control accurately measures the performance of the system as frost accumulates on the outdoor coil. This typically will translate into longer running time between defrost cycles as more frost accumulates on the outdoor coil before the heat pump control initiates defrost cycles.

#### Charging

The XP25 unit is factory-charged with enough HFC-410A refrigerant to accommodate a 15-foot length of refrigerant piping. Charge should be checked and adjusted using the tables provided on the charging procedure sticker located on the unit access panel. Detailed charging information is provided in the XP25 Installation and Service Procedures Corp. 1252-L11, which is available on LennoxPROS.com.

#### IMPORTANT!

Room thermostat must be turned down at least 5°F from set point for cooling or turned up 5°F for heating so charging occurs with system operating at 100% capacity. Seven-segment display on outdoor control will show outdoor unit running capacity.

#### **Alarms**

Alarm information is provided on on the outdoor unit access panel and in the iComfort *Wi-Fi*<sup>®</sup> Installer's System Setup Guide. Detail alarm information is also available in the XP25 Installation and Service Procedures Corp. 1252-L11, which is available on LennoxPROS.com.

# Outdoor Control Seven-Segment Display and Push Button

Information concerning the outdoor control seven-segment display and push button operations are available on the unit access panel and in the XP25 Installation and Service Procedures Corp. 1252-L11.

# System Component Configuration (Outdoor Unit)

All outdoor unit setup is completed using the iComfort Wi-Fi<sup>®</sup> thermostat. Refer to the iComfort Wi-Fi<sup>®</sup> Installer's System Setup Guide for complete details on how to setup this unit to operating in an iComfort  $^{\text{TM}}$ -enabled system.

#### Homeowner Information

Cleaning of the outdoor unit's coil should be performed by a licensed professional service technician (or equivalent). Contact your dealer and set up a schedule (preferably twice a year, but at least once a year) to inspect and service your outdoor unit. The following maintenance may be performed by the homeowner.

#### **IMPORTANT!**

Sprinklers and soaker hoses should not be installed where they could cause prolonged exposure to the outdoor unit by treated water. Prolonged exposure of the unit to treated water (i.e., sprinkler systems, soakers, waste water, etc.) will corrode the surface of steel and aluminum parts, diminish performance and affect longevity of the unit.

#### **Outdoor Coil**

The outdoor unit must be properly maintained to ensure its proper operation.

- Please contact your dealer to schedule proper inspection and maintenance for your equipment.
- Make sure no obstructions restrict airflow to the outdoor unit.
- Grass clippings, leaves, or shrubs crowding the unit can cause the unit to work harder and use more energy.
- Keep shrubbery trimmed away from the unit and periodically check for debris which collects around the unit.
- Keep snow level below the louvered panels to ensure proper performance.

#### **Routine Maintenance**

In order to ensure peak performance, your system must be properly maintained. Clogged filters and blocked airflow prevent your unit from operating at its most efficient level.

NOTE — The filter and all access panels must be in place any time the unit is in operation. If you are unsure about the filter required for your system, call your Lennox dealer for assistance.

- Ask your Lennox dealer to show you where your indoor unit's filter is located. It will be either at the indoor unit (installed internal or external to the cabinet) or behind a return air grille in the wall or ceiling. Check the filter monthly and clean or replace it as needed.
- 2. Disposable filters should be replaced with a filter of the same type and size.
- 3. The indoor evaporator coil is equipped with a drain pan to collect condensate formed as your system removes humidity from the inside air. Have your dealer show you the location of the drain line and how to check for obstructions. (This would also apply to an auxiliary drain, if installed.)

#### **Thermostat Operation**

See the iComfort *Wi-Fi*<sup>®</sup> thermostat homeowner manual for instructions on how to operate your thermostat.

#### **Heat Pump Operation**

Your new Lennox heat pump has several characteristics that you should be aware of:

- Heat pumps satisfy heating demand by delivering large amounts of warm air into the living space. This is quite different from gas- or oil-fired furnaces or an electric furnace which deliver lower volumes of considerably hotter air to heat the space.
- Do not be alarmed if you notice frost on the outdoor coil in the winter months. Frost develops on the outdoor coil during the heating cycle when temperatures are below 45°F (7°C). The heat pump control activates a defrost cycle lasting 5 to 15 minutes at preset intervals to clear the outdoor coil of the frost.

 During the defrost cycle, you may notice steam rising from the outdoor unit. This is a normal occurrence. The thermostat may engage auxiliary heat during the defrost cycle to satisfy a heating demand; however, the unit will return to normal operation at the conclusion of the defrost cycle.

#### **Preservice Check**

If your system fails to operate, check the following before calling for service:

- Verify room thermostat settings are correct.
- Verify that all electrical disconnect switches are ON.
- Check for any blown fuses or tripped circuit breakers.
- Verify unit access panels are in place.
- Verify air filter is clean.
- If service is needed, locate and write down the unit model number and have it handy before calling.

XP25 Start-Up and Performance	Checklist						
Customer		Address					
Indoor Unit Model		Serial			_		
Outdoor Unit Model							
Solar Module Mfg and Model			Serial			_	
Notes:							
CTART UR CUITOVO							
START-UP CHECKS							
Refrigerant Type:				2.4.4.27.16.	Α	.137.16.	
	ated Load Amps Actual Amps			Rated Volts	_ Act	uai voits	
Condenser Fan Full Load Amps	Actual Amps:						
COOLING MODE							
Vapor Pressure:	Liquid Pressure:						
Supply Air Temperature: Ambient Tempera			Return Air Temperature:				
HEATING MODE							
Vapor Pressure:	Liquid Pressure:						
Supply Air Temperature:				Return Air Temper	ature:		
System Refrigerant Charge (Refer to n subcooling and approach temperatures		rmation o	n unit o	r installation instru	ctions	for required	
Subcooling:							
Saturated Condensing Temperature (A) minus Liquid Line Temperature (B)			_	В	=	SUBCOOLING	
Approach:							
Liquid Line Temperature (A) <i>minus</i> Outdoor Air Temperature (B)			_	В	=	APPROACH	
Indoor Coil Temp. Drop (18 to 22°F)							
Return Air Te <i>minus</i> Supply Air Te	mperature (A) mperature (B)	Α	_	В	= (	COIL TEMP DROP	