The warnings/limitations card

and manual contains importar information about your smoke

alarm's operation. If you are installing this alarm for use

by others, you must leave this manual—or a copy of it—with the end user. Reference product card for additional information.



CONFORMS TO UL STD 217

INTRODUCTION

ing First Alert® for your smoke alarm needs. You have purchased a state of the art smoke alarm designed to provide you with early warning of a fire. Please take the time to read this manual and make the smoke alarm an integral part of your family's safety plan.

Photoelectric technology is generally more sensitive than ionization technology at detecting large particles.

For maximum protection, use both types of smoke alarms on each level and in every bedroom of your hom

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All First Alert[®] smoke alarms conform to regulatory requirements, including UL217 and are designed to detect particles of combustion. Smoke particles of varying number and size are produced in all fires.

lonization technology is generally more sensitive than photoelectric technology at detecting small particles, which tend to be produced in greater amounts by flaming fires, which consume combustible materials rapidly and spread quickly. Sources of these fires may include paper burning in a wastebasket, or a grease fire in the kitchen.

which tend to be produced in greater amounts by smoldering fires, which may smolder for hours before bursting into flame. Sources of these fires may include cigarettes burning in couches or bedding.

stomer Service Team: (800) 323-9005 · www.firstalert.com · www.brkelectro

FOLLOW THESE INSTALLATION STEPS The basic installation of this smoke alarm is similar whether you want to install one smoke alarm, or interconnect more than one smoke alarm. If you are interconnecting more than one smoke alarm, you MUST read "Special Requirements For Interconnected Smoke Alarms" below before you begin installation.

ADANGER! ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. Turn off power to the area where you will install this unit at the circuit breaker or fuse box before beginning installation. Failure to turn off the power before installation may result in serious electrical shock, injury or death Remove the mounting bracket from the base, and attach it to the junction box.

STAND-ALONE ALARM ONLY:

Connect the white wire on the power connector to the neutral wire in the junction box

Connect the black wire on the power connector to the hot wire in the junction box.

Tuck the orange wire inside the junction box. It is used for interconnect only.

Strip off about 1/2" (12 mm) of the plastic coating on the orange wire on the power conr

 Connect the white wire on the power connector to the neutral wire in the junction box. Connect the black wire on the power connector to the hot wire in the junction box.

Connect the orange wire on the power connector to the interconnect wire in the junction box.

Repeat for each unit you are interconnecting. Never connect the hot or neutral wires in the junction box to the orange interconnect wire. Never cross hot and neutral wires between alarms

3. Plug the power connector into the back of the smoke alarm.

4. Position the base of the smoke alarm over the mounting bracket and turn. The alarm can be positioned over the bracket every 90°. Turn the smoke alarm clockwise (right) until the unit is in place.

AWARNING! mproper wiring of the power connector or the wiring leading to the power connector will cause damage to the alarm and may lead to a non-functioning alarm.

STAND-ALONE ALARM ONLY: · If you are only installing one alarm, restore power to the junction box

INTERCONNECTED ALARMS ONLY:

If you are interconnecting multiple alarms, repeat steps 1-5 for each alarm in the series. When you are finished, restore power to the junction box. **ADANGER!**

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. Do not restore power until all alarms are completely installed. Restoring power before installation is complete may result in serious electrical shock, injury or death.

6. Make sure the alarm is receiving AC power. Under normal operation, the Green power indicator light will shine continuous

If the Green power indicator light does not light, TURN OFF POWER TO THE JUNCTION BOX and recheck all connections. If all connections are correct and the Green power indicator still does not light when you restore the power, the unit should be replaced immediately.

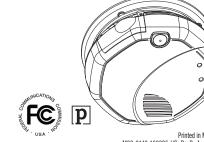
USER'S MANUAL WIRELESS INTERCONNECTED HARDWIRED SMOKE ALARM WITH BATTERY BACK-UP

INPUT: 120V AC ~, 60HZ, 0.09A BATTERY BACK-UP

IMPORTANT! PLEASE READ CAREFULLY AND SAVE.

The warnings/limitations card alarm's operation. If you are installing this alarm for use by others, you must leave thi anual—or a copy of it—with ne end user. Reference product

card for additional information



F FIRST ALERT

Printed in Mexico M08-0149-160325-US_RevB **L** 01/18 CONFORMS TO UL STD 217

INTRODUCTION

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All First Alert® smoke alarms conform to regulatory requirements, including UL217 and are designed to detect particles of combustion. Smoke particles of varying number and size are produced in all fires.

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Photoelectric technology is generally more sensitive than ionization technology at detecting large particles, which tend to be produced in greater amounts by smoldering fires, which may smolder for hours before bursting into flame. Sources of these fires may include cigarettes burning in couches or bedding. For maximum protection, use both types of smoke alarms on each level and in every bedroom of your home

2018 BRK Brands, Inc. All rights reserved. Distributed by BRK Brands, Inc. - BRK Brands, Inc. a subsidiary of Newell Brands Inc. (NYSE:NWL) - 3901 Liberty Street, Aurora, IL 60504-8122 omer Service Team: (800) 323-9005 · www.firstalert.com · www.brkelect

FOLLOW THESE INSTALLATION STEPS

The basic installation of this smoke alarm is similar whether you want to install one smoke alarm, or interconnect more than one smoke alarm. If you are interconnecting more than one smoke alarm, you MUST read "Special Requirements For Interconnected Smoke Alarms" below before you begin installation. **ADANGER!**

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. Turn off power to the area where you will install this unit at the circuit breaker or fuse box before beginning installation. Failure to turn off the power before installation may result in serious electrical shock, injury or death. Remove the mounting bracket from the base, and attach it to the junction box.

STAND-ALONE ALARM ONLY:

Connect the white wire on the power connector to the neutral wire in the junction box. Connect the black wire on the power connector to the hot wire in the junction box.

Tuck the orange wire inside the junction box. It is used for interconnect only.

Strip off about 1/2" (12 mm) of the plastic coating on the orange wire on the power conn

Connect the black wire on the power connector to the hot wire in the junction box.

Connect the white wire on the power connector to the neutral wire in the junction box.

Connect the orange wire on the power connector to the interconnect wire in the junction box. Repeat for each unit you are interconnecting. Never connect the hot or neutral wires in the junction box to the orange interconnect wire. Never cross hot and neutral wires between alarms.

3. Plug the power connector into the back of the smoke alarm.

4. Position the base of the smoke alarm over the mounting bracket and turn. The alarm can be positioned over the bracket every 90°. Turn the smoke alarm clockwise (right) until the unit is in place.

AWARNING! Improper wiring of the power connector or the wiring leading to the power connector will cause damage to the alarm and may lead to a non-functioning alarm.

STAND-ALONE ALARM ONLY: · If you are only installing one alarm, restore power to the junction box

INTERCONNECTED ALARMS ONLY: If you are interconnecting multiple alarms, repeat steps 1-5 for each alarm in the series. When you are finished, restore power to the junction box.

ADANGER!

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. Do not restore power until all alarms are completely installed. Restoring power before installation is complete may result in serious electrical shock, injury or death.

6. Make sure the alarm is receiving AC power. Under normal operation, the Green power indicator light will shine continuous If the Green power indicator light does not light, TURN OFF POWER TO THE JUNCTION BOX and recheck all connections. If all connections are correct and the Green power indicator still does not light when you restore the power, the unit should be replaced immediately.



ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. Turn off the power to the area where the smoke alarm is installed before removing it from the mounting bracket. Failure to turn off the power first may result in serious electrical shock, injury or death.

This unit must be powered by a 24-hour, 120VAC pure sine wave 60Hz circuit. Be sure the circuit cannot be turned off by a switch, dimmer, or ground fault circuit interrupter. Failure to connect

this unit to a 24-hour circuit may prevent it from providing constant protection.

AWARNING! This unit will not alert hearing impaired residents. It is recommended that you install special units which use devices like flashing strobe lights to alert hearing impaired residents.

Installation of this unit must conform to the electrical codes in your area; Articles 210 and 300.3 (B) of NFPA 70 (NEC), NFPA 72, NFPA 101; SBC (SBCCI); UBC (ICBO); NBC (BOCA); OTFDC (CABO), and any other local or building codes that may apply. Wiring and installation must be performed by a licensed electrician. Failure to follow these guidelines may result in injury or property damage.

This smoke alarm must have AC or battery power to operate. If the AC power fails, battery back-up will allow the alarm to sound for at least 4 minutes. If AC power fails and the battery is weak, protection should last for at least 7 days. If AC power fails and the battery is dead or missing, the alarm cannot operate.

Never disconnect the power from an AC powered unit to stop an unwanted alarm. Doing so will disable the unit and remove your protection. In the case of a true unwanted alarm open a window or fan the smoke away from the unit. The alarm will reset automatically when it returns to normal operation. Never remove the batteries from a battery operated unit to stop an unwanted a (caused by cooking smoke, etc.). Instead open a window or fan the smoke away from the unit. The alarm will reset automatically. Unit will not operate without battery power. The smoke alarm cannot work until you activate the battery power pack

ACAUTION! Connect this unit ONLY to other compatible units. See "How To Install This Smoke Alarm" for details. Do not connect it to any othe type of alarm or auxiliary device. Connecting anything else to this unit may damage it or prevent it from operating properly.

Do not install this unit over an electrical junction box. Air currents around junction boxes can prevent smoke from reaching the sensing chamber and prevent the unit from alarming. Only AC powered units are intended for installation over junction boxes. This smoke alarm has a battery drawer which resists closing unless a battery is installed. This warns you the unit will not operate under DC power without a battery.

Do not stand too close to the unit when the alarm is sounding. It is loud to wake you in an emergency. Exposure to the horn at close range may harm your hearing.

Do not paint over the unit. Paint may clog the openings to the sensing chambers and prevent the unit from operating properly

BEFORE YOU INSTALL THIS SMOKE ALARM Important Read "Recommended Locations for Smoke Alarms" and "Locations to Avoid for Smoke Alarms" before beginning. This unit monitors the air, and when smoke reaches its sensing chamber, it alarms, it can give you more time to escape before fire spreads. This unit can ONLY give an early warring of developing fires if it is installed, maintained and located where smoke can reach it, and where all residents can hear it, as described in this manual. This unit will not sense gas, heat, or flame. It cannot prevent or extinguish fires.

Understand The Different Type of Smoke Alarms: Battery powered or electrical? Different smoke alarms provide different types of protection. See "About Smoke Alarms" for details.

Know Where To Install Your Smoke Alarms: Fire Safety Professionals recommend at least one smoke alarms are useful for the public processing the professionals recommend at least one smoke alarms. on every level of your home, in every bedroom, and in every bedroom hallway or separate sleeping area. See "Recommended Locations for Smoke Alarms" and "Locations to Avoid for Smoke Alarms" for details. Know What Smoke Alarms Can and Can't Do: A smoke alarm can help alert you to fire, giving you precious time to escape It can only sound an alarm once smoke reaches the sensor. See "Limitations of Smoke Alarms" for details. Check Your Local Building Codes: This smoke alarm is designed to be used in a typical single-family home. It alone will not meet ents for boarding houses, apartment buildings, hotels or motels. See "Special Compliance Considerations" for details

FOLLOW THESE INSTALLATION STEPS (CONTINUED)..

Test each alarm. Press and hold the Test/Silence button until the unit alarms. When testing a series of interconnected units you must test each unit individually. Make sure all units alarm when each one is tested.

ADANGER!

If any unit in the series does not alarm, TURN OFF POWER and recheck connections. If it does not alarm when you restore power, replace it immediately. Special Requirements For Interconnected Smoke Alarms AWARNING! Failure to meet any of the above requirements could damage the units and cause them to malfunction, removing your protection

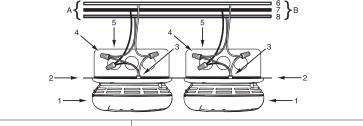
AC and AC/DC smoke alarms can be interconnected. Under AC power, all units will alarm when one senses smoke. When power is interrupted, only the AC/DC units in the series will continue to send and receive signals. AC powered smoke alarms will not operate interconnected units can provide earlier warning of fire than stand-alone units, especially if a fire starts in a remote area of the dwelling. If any unit in the series senses smoke, all units will alarm. To determine which smoke alarm initiated an alarm, see table:

Red LED flashes rapidly On All Other Alarms Red LED is Off IMPORTANT!

Interconnect units within a single family residence only. Otherwise all households will experience unwanted alarms when you test any unit in the series. Interconnected units will only work if they are wired to compatible units and all requirements are met. This unit is designed to be compatible with: First Alert* Smoke Alarm Models SA4120, SA4120, SA1218, SA1008, 9120 series and BRK Electronics* Smoke Alarm Models 1005, 4120 series, 9120 series, 1902 series, 1903 series, 1904 KElectronics* Host Alarm Models SC6120B, SC9120B; CO Alarm Model CO5120B; Relay Modules RM3 and RM4. INTERCONNECTED UNITS MUST MEET ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

· A maximum of 18 compatible units may be interconnected (Maximum of 12 smoke alarms) The same fuse or circuit breaker must power all interconnected units.

The total length of wire interconnecting the units should be less than 1000 feet (300 meters). This
type of wire is commonly available at Hardware and Electrical Supply stores.
 All wiring must conform to all local electrical codes and NFPA 70 (NEC). Refer to NFPA 72, NFPA
101, and/or your local building code for further connection requirements.



A. Unswitched 120VAC 60 Hz source	B. To additional units; Maximum = 18 to	B. To additional units; Maximum = 18 total (Maximum 12 smoke alarms)	
1. Smoke Alarm	2. Ceiling or Wall	3. Power Connector	
4. Wire Nut	5. Junction Box	6. Neutral Wire (Wht)	
7. Interconnect Wire (Orange)	8. Hot Wire (Blk)		

BASIC SAFETY INFORMATION

ADANGER!

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. Turn off the power to the area where the smoke alarm is installed before removing it from the mounting bracket. Failure to turn off the power first may result in serious electrical shock, injury or death. AWARNING!

This unit will not alert hearing impaired residents. It is recommended that you install special units which use devices like flashing strobe lights to alert hearing impaired residents.

Installation of this unit must conform to the electrical codes in your area; Articles 210 and 300.3 (B) of NFPA 70 (NEC), NFPA 72, NFPA 101; SBC (SBCCI); UBC (ICBO); NBC (BOCA); OTFDC (CABO), and any other local or building codes that may apply. Wiring and installation must be performed by a licensed electrician. Failure to follow these guidelines may result in injury or property damage. This unit must be powered by a 24-hour, 120VAC pure sine wave 60Hz circuit. Be sure the circuit

ned off by a switch, dimmer, or ground fault circuit interrupter. Failure to connect

This smoke alarm must have AC or battery power to operate. If the AC power fails, battery back-up will allow the alarm to sound for at least 4 minutes. If AC power fails and the battery is weak, protection should last for at least 7 days. If AC power fails and the battery is dead or missing, the alarm cannot operate.

Never disconnect the power from an AC powered unit to stop an unwanted alarm. Doing so will disable the unit and remove your protection. In the case of a true unwanted alarm open a window or fan the smoke away from the unit. The alarm will rese automatically when it returns to normal operation. Never remove the batteries from a battery operated unit to an unwanted (caused by cooking smoke, etc.). Instead open a window or fan the smoke away from the unit. The alarm will reset automatica Unit will not operate without battery power. The smoke alarm cannot work until you activate the battery power pack

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Connect this unit ONLY to other compatible units. See "How To Install This Smoke Alarm" for details. Do not connect it to any other type of alarm or auxiliary device. Connecting anything else to this unit may damage it or prevent it from operating properly. Do not install this unit over an electrical junction box. Air currents around junction boxes can prevent smoke from reaching the

bo not install this bill over an electrical purction lost. An Contents around purction boxes can prevent since from reaching sensing chamber and prevent the unit from alarming. Only AC gowered units are intended for installation over junction box This smoke alarm has a battery drawer which resists closing unless a battery is installed. This warns you the unit will not operate under DC power without a battery.

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FOLLOW THESE INSTALLATION STEPS (CONTINUED). Test each alarm. Press and hold the Test/Silence button until the unit alarms. When testing a series of interconnected units you must test each unit individually. Make sure all units alarm when each one is tested.

ADANGER! f any unit in the series does not alarm, TURN OFF POWER and recheck connections. If it does not alarm when you restore power, replace it immediately.

AWARNING!

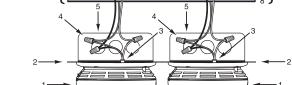
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If any unit in the series senses smoke, all units will alarm. To determine which smoke alarm initiated an alarm, see table:

Red LED flashes rapidly Red LED is Off

On All Other Alarms IMPORTANT! Interconnect units within a single family residence only. Otherwise all households will experience unwanted alarms when you test any unit in the series. Interconnected units will only work if they are wired to compatible units and all requirements are met. This unit is designed to be compatible with: First Alert* Smoke Alarm Models SA4120, SA4121B, SA100B, 9120 series and BRK Electronics* Smoke Alarm Models 100S, 4120 series, 9120 series, 7101 series; BRK Electronics* Heat Alarm Models HD6135F, HD6135FB; Smoke/CO Alarm Models SC6120B, SC9120B; CO Alarm Model CO5120B; Relay Modules RM3 and RM4.

INTERCONNECTED UNITS MUST MEET ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: A maximum of 18 compatible units may be interconnected (Maximum of 12 smoke alarms). The same fuse or circuit breaker must power all interconnected units.

 The total length of wire interconnecting the units should be less than 1000 feet (300 meters). This
type of wire is commonly available at Hardware and Electrical Supply stores. All wiring must conform to all local electrical codes and NFPA 70 (NEC). Refer to NFPA 72, NFPA 101, and/or your local building code for further connection requirements.



A. Unswitched 120VAC 60 Hz source	B. To additional units; Maximum = 18 total	(Maximum 12 smoke alarms)			
1. Smoke Alarm	2. Ceiling or Wall	3. Power Connector			
4. Wire Nut	5. Junction Box	6. Neutral Wire (Wht)			
7. Interconnect Wire (Orange)	8. Hot Wire (Blk)				

LOCATIONS TO AVOID FOR SMOKE ALARMS

Where combustion particles are produced. Combustion particles form when something burns. Areas to avoid include poorly ventilated kitchens, garages, and furnace rooms. Keep units at least 20 feet (6 meters) from the sources of combustion particles (stove, furnace, water heater, space heater) if possible. In areas where a 20-foot (6-meter) distance is not possible – in modular, mobile, or smaller homes, reample – it is recommended the smoke alarm be placed as far from these fuel-burning sources as possible. The placement recommendations are intended to keep these alarms at a reasonable distance from a fuel-burning source, and thus reduce "unwanted" alarms. Unwanted alarms can occur if a smoke alarm is placed directly next to a fuel-burning source. Ventilate these areas as much as possible.

• In air streams near kitchens. Air currents can draw cooking smoke into the sensing chamber of a smoke alarm near the kitchen

In very damp, humid or steamy areas, or directly near bathrooms with showers. Keep units at least 10 feet (3 meters) away from showers, saunas, dishwashers, etc.

FOR BEST PERFORMANCE, IT IS RECOMMENDED YOU AVOID INSTALLING SMOKE ALARMS IN THESE AREAS:

Where the temperatures are regularly below 40° F (4.4° C) or above 100° F (37.8° C), including unheated buildings, outdoor rooms, porches, or unfinished attics or basements.

· In very dusty, dirty, or greasy areas. Do not install a smoke alarm directly over the stove or range. Keep laundry room smoke alarms free of dust or lint.

Near fresh air vents, ceiling fans, or in very drafty areas. Drafts can blow smoke away from the unit, preventing it from reaching the sensing chamber.

 $\bullet \quad \hbox{In insect infested areas. Insects can clog openings to the sensing chamber and cause unwanted alarms.}\\$ · Less than 12 inches (305mm) away from fluorescent lights. Electrical "noise" can interfere with the sensor.

· In "dead air" spaces. "Dead air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the smoke alarm

"Dead air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the smoke alarm. To avoid dead air spaces, follow the installation recommendations below.

On ceilings, install smoke alarms as close to the center of the ceiling as possible. If this is not possible, install the smoke alarm at least 4 inches (102 mm) from the wall or corner.

For wall mounting (if allowed by building codes), the top edge of smoke alarms should be placed between 4 and 12 inches (102 and 305 mm) from the wall/ceiling line, below typical "dead air" spaces. On a peaked, gabled, or cathedral ceiling, install the first smoke alarm within 3 feet (0.9 meters) of the peak of the ceiling, measured horizontally. Additional smoke alarms may be required depending on the length, angle, etc. of the ceiling's slope. Refer to NFPA 72 for details on requirements for sloped or peaked ceilings.

HOW TO INSTALL THIS SMOKE ALARM

This smoke alarm is designed to be mounted on any standard wiring junction box up to a 4-inch (10 cm) size, on either the ceiling or wall (if allowed by local codes). Read "Recommended Locations For Smoke Alarms" and "Locations to Avoid For Smoke Alarms" before you begin installation. Tools you will need: Needle-nose pliers, standard flathead screwdriver, Phillips screwdriver.

AWARNING!

Make sure the alarm is not receiving excessively noisy power. Examples of noisy power could be major appliances on the same circuit, power from a generator or solar power, light dimmer on the same circuit or mounted near fluorescent lighting. Excessively noisy power may cause damage to your alarm.

OPTIONAL LOCKING FEATURE

The locking features are designed to discourage unauthorized removal of the battery or alarm. It is not necessary to activate the locks in single-family households where unauthorized battery or alarm removal is not a concern.

These smoke alarms have two separate locking features: one to lock the battery compartment, and the other to lock the smoke alarm to the mounting bracket. You can choose to use either feature independently, or use them both. Tools you will need: Needle-nose pliers or utility knife, standard flathead screwdriver Both locking features use locking pins, which are molded into the mounting bracket. Using needle-nose pliers or a utility knife, remove one or both pins from the mounting bracket, depending on how many locking features you want to use.

IMPORTANT!

To permanently remove either lock, insert a flathead screwdriver between the locking pin and the lock, and pry the pin out of the lock.

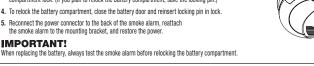
Do not lock the battery compartment until you have installed the battery and tested the battery back-up. 1. Push and hold Test/Silence button until the alarm sounds: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause.

TO UNLOCK THE BATTERY COMPARTMENT

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. Turn off the power to the area where the smoke alarm is installed before removing it from the mounting bracket. Failure to turn off the power first may result in serious electrical shock, injury or death. Always discharge the branch circuit before servicing an AC or AC/DC smoke alarm. First, turn off the AC

2. Disconnect the power connector by gently prying it away from the back of the smoke alarm. Insert a flathead screwdriver under the head of the locking pin, and gently pry it out of the battery compartment lock. (If you plan to relock the battery compartment, save the locking pin.)

IMPORTANT!



. In air streams near kitchens. Air currents can draw cooking smoke into the sensing chamber of a smoke alarm near the kitcher In very damp, humid or steamy areas, or directly near bathrooms with showers. Keep units at

In insect infested areas. Insects can clog openings to the sensing chamber and cause unwanted alarms.

"Dead air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the smoke alarm. To avoid dead air spaces, follow the installation recommendations below On ceilings, install smoke alarms as close to the center of the ceiling as possible. If this is not possible, install the smoke alarm at least 4 inches (102 mm) from the wall or corner.

HOW TO INSTALL THIS SMOKE ALARM

OPTIONAL LOCKING FEATURE

TO LOCK THE BATTERY COMPARTMENT

If the unit does not alarm during testing, DO NOT lock the battery compartment! Install a new battery and test again. If the smoke alarm still does not alarm, replace it immediately. 2. Using needle-nose pilers, det

TO UNLOCK THE BATTERY COMPARTMENT

Push the locking pin through the hole near the battery drawer on the back of the smoke alarm

IMPORTANT!

IMPORTANT!

IMPORTANT!

ADANGER!

IMPORTANT!

Tools you will need: Needle-nose pliers, standard flathead screwdriver, Phillips screwdriver.

Make sure the alarm is not receiving excessively noisy power. Examples of noisy power could be major appliances on the same circuit, power from a generator or solar power, light dimmer on the same circuit or mounted near fluorescent lighting. Excessively noisy power may cause damage to your alarm.

The locking features are designed to discourage unauthorized removal of the battery or alarm. It is not necessary to activate the locks in single-family households where unauthorized battery or alarm removal is not a concern.

These smoke alarms have two separate locking features: one to lock the battery compartment, and the other to lock the smoke alarm to the mounting bracket. You can choose to use either feature independently, or use them both.

Do not lock the battery compartment until you have installed the battery and tested the battery back-up.

1. Push and hold Test/Silence button until the alarm sounds: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause.

oke alarm is installed, you must disconnect it from the AC power before unlocking the battery compartment

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. Turn off the power to the area where the smoke alarm is installed before removing it from the mounting bracket. Failure to turn off the power first may result in serious electrical shock, injury or death.

Always discharge the branch circuit before servicing an AC or AC/DC smoke alarm. First, turn off the AC

power at the circuit breaker or fuse box. Next, remove the battery from smoke alarms with battery back-up. Finally, press and hold the Test/Silence button for 5-10 seconds to discharge the branch circuit.

Remove the smoke alarm from the mounting bracket. If the unit is locked to the bracket, see the section "To Unlock the Mounting Bracket."

5. Reconnect the power connector to the back of the smoke alarm, reattach the smoke alarm to the mounting bracket, and restore the power.

2. Disconnect the power connector by gently prying it away from the back of the smoke alarm.

4. To relock the battery compartment, close the battery door and reinsert locking pin in lock

Insert a flathead screwdriver under the head of the locking pin, and gently pry it out of the battery compartment lock. (If you plan to relock the battery compartment, save the locking pin.)

When replacing the battery, always test the smoke alarm before relocking the battery compartment.

Tools you will need: Needle-nose pliers or utility knife, standard flathead screwdriver

Both locking features use locking pins, which are molded into the mounting bracket. Using needle-nose pilers or a utility knife, remove one or both pins from the mounting bracket, depending on how many locking features you want to use.

To permanently remove either lock, insert a flathead screwdriver between the locking pin and the lock, and pry the pin out of the lock.

3. When you attach the smoke alarm to the mounting bracket.

TO LOCK THE BATTERY COMPARTMENT

IMPORTANT! If the unit does not alarm during testing, DO NOT lock the battery compartment! Install a new battery and test again. If the smoke alarm still does not alarm, replace it immediately. 2. Using needle-nose pliers, detach one locking pin from the mounting bracket.

IMPORTANT! s moke alarm is installed, you must disconnect it from the AC power before unlocking the battery compartmen ADANGER!

power at the circuit breaker or fuse box. Next, remove the battery from smoke alarms with battery back-up. Finally, press and hold the Test/Silence button for 5-10 seconds to discharge the branch circuit. 1. Remove the smoke alarm from the mounting bracket. If the unit is locked to the bracket, see the section "To Unlock the Mounting Bracket."

5. Reconnect the power connector to the back of the smoke alarm, reattach the smoke alarm to the mounting bracket, and restore the power.



LOCATIONS TO AVOID FOR SMOKE ALARMS FOR BEST PERFORMANCE, IT IS RECOMMENDED YOU AVOID INSTALLING SMOKE ALARMS IN THESE AREAS:

Where combustion particles are produced. Combustion particles form when something burns. Areas to avoid include poorly ventilated kitchens, garages, and furnace rooms. Keep units at least 20 feet (6 meters) from the sources of combustion particles (stove, furnace, water heater, space heater) if possible. In areas where a 20-foot (6-meter) distance is not possible – in modular, mobile, or smaller homes, reample – it is recommended the smoke alarm be placed as far from these fuel-burning sources as possible. The placement recommendations are intended to keep these alarms at a reasonable distance from a fuel-burning source, and thus reduce "unwanted" alarms. Unwanted alarms can occur if a smoke alarm is placed directly next to a fuel-burning source. Ventilate these areas as much as possible.

Near fresh air vents, ceiling fans, or in very drafty areas. Drafts can blow smoke away from the unit, preventing it from reaching the sensing chamber

east 10 feet (3 meters) away from showers, saunas, dishwashers, etc. Where the temperatures are regularly below 40° F (4.4° C) or above 100° F (97.8° C), including unheated buildings, outdoor rooms, porches, or unfinished attics or basements. In very dusty, dirty, or greasy areas. Do not install a smoke alarm directly over the stove or range. Keep laundry room smoke alarms free of dust or lint.

· Less than 12 inches (305mm) away from fluorescent lights. Electrical "noise" can interfere with the sensor. · In "dead air" spaces. "Dead air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the smoke alarm

For wall mounting (if allowed by building codes), the top edge of smoke alarms should be placed between 4 and 12 inches (102 and 305 mm) from the wall/ceiling line, below typical "dead air" spaces. On a peaked, gabled, or cathedral ceiling, install the first smoke alarm within 3 feet (0.9 meters) of the peak of the ceiling, measured horizontally. Additional smoke alarms may be required depending on the length, angle, etc. of the ceiling's slope. Refer to NFPA 72 for details on requirements for sloped or peaked ceilings.

This smoke alarm is designed to be mounted on any standard wiring junction box up to a 4-inch (10 cm) size, on either the ceiling or wall (if allowed by local codes). Read "Recommended Locations For Smoke Alarms" and "Locations to Avoid For Smoke Alarms" before you begin installation.

6. Interconnect (Orange) Wire 7. Quick-Connect Power Connector

9. Turn this way to attach to bracket 10. Slide-Out Battery Drawe QUICK INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

to expand the system with no additional electrical work 1. Insert the batteries into the battery drawer of the first alarm and close the drawe

Alarm, you will now be prompted to set the alarm's location. Follow the direction given by the alarm.

Once you hear the unit chirp, release the test button. The Green power LED will start to blink indicating the WIRELESS INTERCONNECT alarm is waiting for program data from one of the other setup WIRELESS INTERCONNECT alarms.

If you purchased the Talking Smoke and Carbon Monoxide Alarm, you will now be prompted to set the alarm's location. Follow the directions given by the alarm.

 If you have purchased the hardwired battery back-up WIRELESS INTERCONNECT alarm, you can now connect
the hardwired alarm by installing the three-wire connector on the ceiling to the alarm. 10. Repeat steps 4-9 for additional WIRELESS INTERCONNECT alarms

2. Insert the locking pin into the lock located opposite from the battery drawer as shown in the diagram.

When you attach the smoke alarm to the mounting bracket, the locking pin's head will fit into a notch on the bracket.

TO LOCK THE MOUNTING BRACKET

TO UNLOCK THE MOUNTING BRACKET

AWARNING! Always discharge the branch circuit before servicing an AC or AC/DC smoke alarm. First, turn off the AC power at the circuit breaker or fuse box. Next, remov the battery from smoke alarms with battery back-up. Finally, press and hold the Test/Silence button for 5-10 seconds to discharge the branch circuit.

WEEKLY TESTING AWARNING!

ACAUTION!

alarm, replace it immediately. During testing, you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause. When testing a series of interconnected units you must test each unit individually. Make sure all units alarm when each one is tested

When the battery back-up becomes weak, the smoke alarm will "chirp" about once a minute (the Low Battery Warning). This warning should last 7 days, but you should replace the batteries immediately to continue your protection.

· Test it at least once a week.

Clean the smoke alarm at least once a month; gently vacuum the outside of the smoke alarm using your household vacuum's soft brush attachment. Test the smoke alarm. Never use water, cleaners or solvents since they may damage the unit.

 If the smoke alarm becomes contaminated by excessive dirt, dust and/or grime, and cannot be cleaned to avoid unwanted alarms, replace the unit immediately. Relocate the unit if it sounds frequent unwanted alarms. See "Locations To Avoid For Smoke Alarms" for details.





AWARNING!

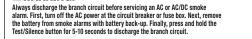
WEEKLY TESTING AWARNING!

REGULAR MAINTENANCE

· Test it at least once a week.

the locking pin's head will fit into a notch on the bracket

TO UNLOCK THE MOUNTING BRACKET ADANGER!



2. Pry the smoke alarm away from the bracket by turning both the screwdriver and the smoke alarm counterclockwise (left) at the same time. **TESTING AND MAINTENANCE**

NEVER use an open flame of any kind to test this unit. You might accidentally damage or set fire to the unit or to your home. The built-in test switch accurately tests the unit's operation as required by Underwriters Laboratories, inc. (UL). If the alarm ever fails to test properly, replace it immediately. Products under warranty may be returned to the manufacturer for replacement. See "Limited Warranty" at the end of this manual. **ACAUTION!**

10 NOT stand close to the alarm when the horn is sounding. Exposure at close range may be armful to your hearing. When testing, step away when horn starts sounding.

It is important to test this unit every week to make sure it is working properly. Using the test button is the recommended way to test this smoke alarm. Press and hold the test button on the cover of the unit until the alarm sounds (the unit may continue to alarm for a few seconds after you release the button). If it does not alarm, make sure the unit is receiving power and test it again. If it still does not alarm, replace it immediately. During testing, you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause. When testing a series of interconnected units you must test each unit individually. Make sure all units alarm when each one is tested

 Clean the smoke alarm at least once a month; gently vacuum the outside of the smoke alarm using your household vacuum's soft brush attachment. Test the smoke alarm. Never use water, cleaners or solvents since they may damage the unit. If the smoke alarm becomes contaminated by excessive dirt, dust and/or grime, and cannot be cleaned to avoid unwanted alarms, replace the unit immediately.

When the battery back-up becomes weak, the smoke alarm will "chirp" about once a minute (the Low Battery Warning). This warning should last 7 days, but you should replace the batteries immediately to continue your protection.

· Relocate the unit if it sounds frequent unwanted alarms. See "Locations To Avoid For Smoke Alarms" for details.

THE PARTS OF THIS SMOKE ALARM The Mounting Bracket: To remove the mounting bracket from the alarm base, hold the alarm base firmly and twist the mounting bracket counterclockwise. The mounting bracket installs onto the junction box. It has a variety of screw slots to fit most boxes.

The Power Connector: The power connector plugs into a power input block on the alarm. It supplies the unit with AC power.

The black wire is "hot." The white wire is neutral. The orange wire is used for interconnect

If you need to remove the power connector, turn POWER OFF first. Insert a flat screwdriver blade between the power connector and the security tab inside the power input block. Gently pry back the tab and pull the connector free. THE PARTS OF THIS LINIT

1. Mounting Bracket 2. Mounting Slots 3. Locking Pins (break out of bracket)

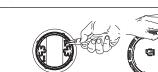
4. Hot (Black) AC Wire 5. Neutral (White) AC Wire

8. Turn this way to remove from bracket

Easily expand an existing interconnected 120V AC hardwired system by simply replacing one alarm in the series with the First Alert® Model SA520. Then add additional battery-operated alarms

2. The alarm will sound with a chirp.

 $\textbf{4.} \ \ \textbf{Insert the batteries into the battery drawer of the } \textbf{next} \ \textbf{alarm.} \ \textbf{DO NOT CLOSE THE DRAWER.}$ 5. Press and hold the test button and then close the battery drawer.



ADANGER!ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. Turn off the power to the area where the smoke alarm is installed before removi the mounting bracket. Failure to turn off the power first may result in serious electrical shock, injury or death

Pry the smoke alarm away from the bracket by turning both the screwdriver and the smoke alarm counterclockwise (left) at the same time.

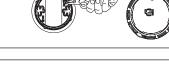
) NOT stand close to the alarm when the horn is sounding. Exposure at close range may be irmful to your hearing. When testing, step away when horn starts sounding.

REGULAR MAINTENANCE This unit has been designed to be as maintenance-free as possible, but there are a few simple things you must do to keep it working properly

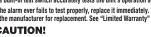
NOTE: Steps 4 through 6 need to be completed within two minutes. If more than two minutes pass, the Green powe LED will stop blinking. Simply open the battery drawer of the second alarm and repeat steps 4 through 6.











It is important to test this unit every week to make sure it is working properly. Using the test button is the recommended way to test this smoke alarm. Press and hold the test button on the cover of the unit until the alarm sounds (the unit may continue to alarm for a few seconds after you release the button). If it does not alarm, make sure the unit is receiving power and test it again. If it still does not

The orange wire is used for interconnect. If you need to remove the power connector, turn POWER OFF first. Insert a flat screwdriver blade between the power connector and the security tab inside the power input block. Gently pry back the tab and pull the connector free. THE PARTS OF THIS UNIT

The Mounting Bracket: To remove the mounting bracket from the alarm base, hold the alarm base firmly and twist the mounting bracket counterclockwise. The mounting bracket installs onto the junction box. It has a variety of screw slots to fit most boxes.

THE PARTS OF THIS SMOKE ALARM

The black wire is "hot."

1. Mounting Bracket

4. Hot (Black) AC Wire

5. Neutral (White) AC Wire

6. Interconnect (Orange) Wire

7. Quick-Connect Power Connector

8. Turn this way to remove from bracket

QUICK INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

to expand the system with no additional electrical work

1. Insert the batteries into the battery drawer of

If you purchased the Talking Smoke and Carbon Monoxide Alarm, you will now be prompted to set the alarm's location. Follow the direction given by the alarm.

5. Press and hold the test button and then close the battery drawer.

10. Repeat steps 4-9 for additional WIRELESS INTERCONNECT alarms.

the first alarm and close the drawe 2. The alarm will sound with a chirp.

Rasily expand an existing interconnected 120V AC hardwired system by simply replacing one alarm in the series with the First Alert® Model SA520. Then add additional battery-operated alarms

9. Turn this way to attach to bracket 10. Slide-Out Battery Drawer

2. Mounting Slots

The white wire is neutral.

3. Locking Pins (break out of bracket

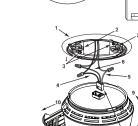
The Power Connector: The power connector plugs into a power

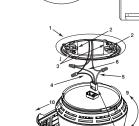
input block on the alarm. It supplies the unit with AC power

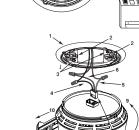


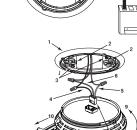


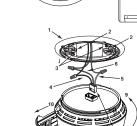


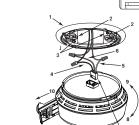


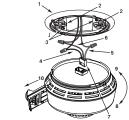


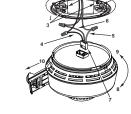


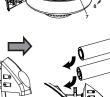








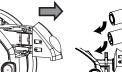






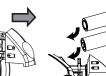








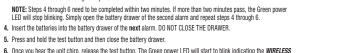






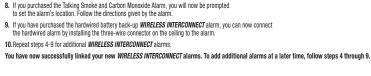


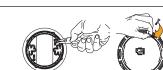




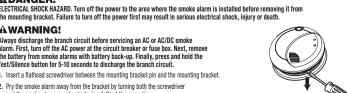


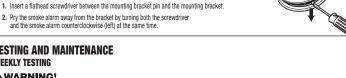






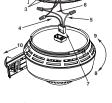




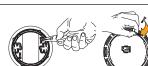


















NEVER use an open flame of any kind to test this unit. You might accidentally damage or set fire to the unit or to your home.
The built-in test switch accurately tests the unit's operation as required by Underwriters Laboratories, inc. (UL).
If the alarm ever fails to test properly, replace it immediately. Products under warranty may be returned
to the manufacturer for replacement. See "Limited Warranty" at the end of this manual.









CHOOSING A REPLACEMENT BATTERY: Your smoke alarm requires 2 "AA" Duracell MN1500 batteries. These batteries are available at many local retail stores.

AWARNING! Always use the exact batteries specified by this User's Manual. DO NOT use rechargeable batteries. Clean the battery contacts and also those of the device prior to battery installation. Install batteries correctly with regard to polarity (+ and -).

Please dispose of or recycle used batteries properly, following any local regulations. Consult your local waste management authority or recycling organization to find an electronics recycling facility in your area. DO NOT DISPOSE OF BATTERIES IN FIRE. BATTERIES MAY EXPLODE OR LEAK.

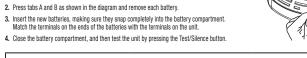
AWARNING!

 Keep battery out of reach of children. In the event a battery is swallowed, immediately contact your poison control
center, your physician, or the National Battery Ingestion hotline at 202-625-3333 as serious injury may occur. IMPORTANT!

ry service life depends on the smoke alarm and the environment in which it is installed. All the batteries specified above are acceptable replacement batteries for this unit. Regardless of the manufacturer's suggested battery life, you MUST replace the battery immediately once the unit starts "chirping" (the "Low Battery Warning").

TO REPLACE THE BATTERIES (WITHOUT REMOVING ALARM FROM THE CEILING OR WALL):

1. Open the battery compartment.



AC Power	All Models	DC Power
Normal Operation	Constant Green LED No Audible Alarm	Green LED Off No Audible Alarm
Test Condition	Constant Green LED Rapidly Flashing Red LED Audible Alarm	Green LED Off Rapidly Flashing Red LED Audible Alarm
Alarm Condition* (Initiating Unit)	Constant Green LED Rapidly Flashing Red LED Audible Alarm	Green LED Off Rapidly Flashing Red LED Audible Alarm
Silence Mode	Rapidly Flashing Red LED	Rapidly Flashing Red LED
Low Battery	Alarm "chirp" approx. once/minute	Alarm "chirp" approx. once/minute
Malfunction	3 rapid "chirps" every minute; LED flashes approx. once a minute	3 rapid "chirps" every minute; LED flashes approx. once a minute

NFPA 72 Chapter 29 "For your information, the National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code, NFPA 72, reads as follows:"

AGENCY PLACEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

29.5.1* Required Detection. 29.5.1.1* Where required by other governing laws, codes, or standards for a specific type of occupancy, approved single and multiple-station smoke alarms shall be installed as follows:

(1) *In all sleeping rooms and guest rooms

(2) *Outside of each separate dwelling unit sleeping area, within 21 ft (6.4 m) of any door to a sleeping room, with the distance measured along a path of travel

(3) On every level of a dwelling unit, including basements

(4) On every level of a residential board and care occupancy (small facility), including basements and excluding crawl spaces and unfinished attics

(5) *In the living area(s) of a guest suite

(6) In the living area(s) of a residential board and care occupancy (small facility)

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CALIFORNIA STATE FIRE MARSHAL (CSFM) Early warning detection is best achieved by the installation of fire detection equipment in all rooms and areas of the household as follows: A

smoke alarm installed in each separate sleeping area (in the vicinity, but outside bedrooms), and Heat or smoke alarms in the living rooms, dining rooms, bedrooms, kitchens, hallways, finished attics, furnace rooms, closets, utility and storage rooms, basements, and attached garages.

Battery (DC) operated Smoke Alarms: Provide protection even when electricity fails, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. Units are easy to install, and do not require professional installation. However, they do not provide interconnected functionality. AC powered Smoke Alarms: Can be interconnected so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm. They do not operate if electricity fails.

AC with battery (DC) back-up: will operate if electricity fails, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. AC and AC/DC units must be installed by a qualified electrician.

WIRELESS INTERCONNECT Smoke Alarms with battery (DC) back-up: Interconnects with all WIRELESS INTERCONNECT enabled Smoke and Smoke/CO Alarms without wires or connectors, so when one alarm sounds, they all sound. Will operate if electricity fails, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. Units are easy to install, and do not require professional installation. Smoke Alarms for solar or wind energy users and battery backup power systems: AC powered smoke alarms should only be operated with true or pure sine wave inverters. Operating this smoke alarm with most battery-powered UPS (uninterruptible power supply) products or square wave or "quasi sine wave" inverters will damage the Alarm. If you are not sure about your inverter or UPS type, please consult with the manufacturer to verify. Smoke Alarms for the hearing impaired: Special purpose smoke alarms should be installed for the hearing impaired. They include a visual alarm and an audible alarm horn, and meet the requirements of the Americans With Disabilities Act. These units can be interconnected so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm.

All these smoke alarms are designed to provide early warning of fires if located, installed and cared for as described in the user's manual, and if smoke reaches the Alarm. If you are unsure which type of unit to install, refer to NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 72 (Alational Fire Alarm and Signaling Code) and NFPA (101 (Life Safety Code), National Fire Protection Association, One Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269-9101. Local building codes may also require specific units in new construction or in different areas of the home.

Smoke alarms are not to be used with detector guards unless the combination has been evaluated and found suitable for that purpose.

WIRELESS OPERATION

ACAUTION!

First Alert® WIRELESS INTERCONNECT Technology is the easy, cost-effective way to provide your family with whole-home safety. All WIRELESS INTERCONNECT Alarms communicate with each other without wires or connectors. When one Alarm sounds, they all sound. This provides your family with an earlier warning of potential danger, and gives you more time to react. The communication distance (range) between any two WIRELESS INTERCONNECT Alarms is typically 100 feet (30 meters) inside of a home. Some features of a home, such as the number of levels, number/size of rooms, furniture and types of building materials used may reduce the range of the Alarms. Examples include: suspended ceilings, ductwork, large metallic appliances (refrigerators) and metal studs. A feature of WIRELESS INTERCONNECT
Alarms is that they operate as a mesh network. All Alarms will repeat any alarm signal that is received to all other WIRELESS INTERCONNECT nce from structural conditions can be overcome by adding additional Alarms to route the wireless signal around obstructions

IMPORTANT! The range and proper operation of any wireless device will vary depending on its surroundings. It is very important that each Alarm is tested individually before and after installation to make sure that all Alarms respond properly.

The WIRELESS INTERCONNECT Alarms are not to be used outdoors or to transmit between buildings. The Alarms will not communicate properly under these conditions.

Metal objects and metallic wallpaper may interfere with signals from wireless Alarms. Alarms should be tested after changes to your home such as remodeling, moving furniture, and with metal doors opened and closed.

Your First Alert* WIRELESS INTERCONNECT smoke alarm will automatically communicate potential fires with all other First Alert* WIRELESS INTERCONNECT smoke alarms.

ions not expressly approved by BRK Brands, Inc. could void the user's authority to operate the equipment FIRE SAFETY TIPS

Follow safety rules and prevent hazardous situations: 1) Use smoking materials properly. Never smoke in bed. 2) Keep matches or lighters away from children; 3) Store flammable materials in proper containers; 4) Keep electrical appliances in good condition and don't overload electrical circuits; 5) Keep stoves, barbecue grills, fireplaces and othimneys grease- and debris-free; 6) Never leave anything cooking on the stove unattended; 7) Keep portable heater and open flames, like candles, away from flammable materials; 8) Don't let rubbish accumulate. Keep alarms clean, and test them weekly. Replace alarms immediately if they are not working properly. Smoke alarms that do not work cannot alert you to a fire. Keep at least one working fire extinguisher on every level, and an additional one in the kitchen. Have fire escape ladders or other reliable means of escape from an upper level in case stairs are blocked.

IF THIS SMOKE ALARM SOUNDS RESPONDING TO AN ALARM

During an alarm, you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern; 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause

AWARNING!

If the unit alarms and you are not testing the unit, it is warning you of a potentially dangerous situation that requires your immediate attention. NEVER ignore any alarm. Ignoring the alarm may result in injury or death. Never disconnect the AC power to quiet an unwanted alarm. Disconnecting the power disables the Alarm so it cannot sense smoke. This will remove your protection. Instead, open a window or fan the smoke away from the unit. The Alarm will reset automatically.

ADANGER!

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD: Attempting to disconnect the power connector from the unit when the power is on may result in electrical shock, serious injury or death. When an interconnected system of AC powered units is in alarm, the alarm indicator light on the unit(s) that initiated the alarm will blink rapidly. It will remain OFF on any remaining units.

If the unit alarms, get everyone out of the dwelling immediately.

If the unit alarms get everyone out of the house immediately.

If the unit alarms and you are certain that the source of smoke is not a fire—cooking smoke or an extremely dusty furnace, for example—open a nearby window or door and fan the smoke away from the unit (Use the Silence Feature to silence the Alarm). This will silence the alarm, and once the smoke clears the unit will reset itself automatically.

SPECIAL COMPLIANCE CONSIDERATIONS

smoke alarm is suitable for use in apartments, condominiums, townhouses, hospitals, day care facilities, health care facilities, boarding houses, group ses and dormitories provided a primary fire detection system already exists to meet fire detection requirements in common areas like lobbies, hallways, orches. Using this smoke alarm in common areas may not provide sufficient warning to all residents or meet local fire protection ordinances/regulations This smoke alarm alone is not a suitable substitute for complete fire detection systems in places housing many people—like apartment buildings, condominiums, hotels, motels, dormitories, hospitals, health care facilities, nursing homes, day care facilities or group homes of any kind. It is not a suitable substitute for complete fire detection systems in warehouses, industrial facilities rcial buildings, and special-purpose non-residential buildings which require special fire detection and alarm systems. Depending on the building codes in your area, this smoke alarm may be used to provide additional protection in these facilities In new construction, most building codes require the use of AC or AC/DC powered smoke alarms only. In existing construction, AC, AC/DC, or DC powered smoke alarms can be used as specified by local building codes. Refer to NFPA 72 (National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code) and NFPA 101 (Life Safety Code), local building codes, or consult your Fire Department for detailed fire protection requirements in buildings not defined as "households".

Certain HUD battery powered smoke alarm applications, especially those that fall under HUD 223(f) MAP (Multi-family Accelerated Processing), may require a 10 Year sealed tamper resistant battery. This alarm does not meet that requirement. Substitute First Alert SA340B.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that the interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna. · Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that of the receiver.

Changes or modifications to the product, not expressly approved by First Alert / BRK Brands, Inc., could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. FCC ID: M7U5201L

LIMITATIONS OF SMOKE ALARMS

WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF FIRE

AWARNING!

AWARNING!

IMPORTANT!

USING THE SILENCE FEATURE

· Don't panic; stay calm. Follow your family escape plan.

· Never go back inside a burning building for any reason.

To silence smoke alarms in an interconnected series:

SILENCING THE LOW BATTERY WARNING

Contact your Fire Department for ideas on making your home safer

· Get out of the house as quickly as possible. Don't stop to get dressed or collect anything.

· Cover your nose and mouth with a cloth (preferably damp). Take short, shallow breaths.

Alarms have various limitations. See "Limitations of Smoke Alarms" for details.

The silence feature can temporarily quiet an unwanted alarm for up to 15 minutes.

 ${\bf 2.} \ \ {\bf Once\ you\ activate\ the\ silence\ feature,\ the\ Red\ LED\ will\ continue\ to\ flash\ rapidly.}$

Low Battery Warning will resume (LED flashes and unit sounds "chirp" once a minute

This silence feature can temporarily quiet the Low Battery Warning "chirp" for up to 8 hours. You can silence the Low Battery Warning "chirp" by pressing the Test/Silence button on the alarm cover.

To deactivate this feature: Press the Test/Silence button again. The unit will go into Test Mode and the

3. Pressing the Test/Silence button when in silence will restart the silence timer.

· Call the Fire Department as soon as possible from outside. Give your address, then your name.

Feel doors with the back of your hand before opening them. If a door is cool, open it slowly. Don't open a hot door. Keep doors and windows closed, unless you must escape through them.

Meet at your planned meeting place outside your home, and do a head count to make sure everybody got out safely.

he silence feature does not disable the unit—it makes it temporarily less sensitive to smoke. For your safety, if smoke around the unit dense enough to suggest a potentially dangerous situation, the unit will stay in alarm or may re-alarm quickly. If you do not know the ource of the smoke, do not assume it is an unwanted alarm. Not responding to an alarm can result in property loss, injury, or death.

The silence feature on these units can temporarily quiet an unwanted alarm for up to 15 minutes. To use this feature, press the Test/Silence button on the cover. If the unit will not silence and no heavy smoke is present, or if it stays in silence mode continuously, it should be replaced immediately.

Once the Low Battery Warning "chirp" silence feature is activated, the unit continues to flash the Green light twice a minute for 8 hours. After 8 hours, the low battery "chirp" will resume. Replace the batteries as soon as possible; this unit will not operate without battery power!

1. To silence multiple alarms in an interconnected series, you must press the Test/Silence button on the unit(s) that triggered the alarm

Smoke alarms have played a key role in reducing deaths resulting from home fires worldwide. However, like any warning device, smoke alarms can only work if they are properly located, installed, and maintained, and if smoke reaches the alarms. They are not foolproof. Smoke alarms may not waken all individuals. Practice the escape plan at least twice a year, making sure that everyone is involved - from kids to grandparents. Allow children to master fire escape planning and practice before holding a fire drill at night when they are sleeping. If children or others do not readily waken to the sound of the smoke alarm, or if there are infants or family members with mobility limitations, make sure that someone is assigned to assist them in fire drill and in the event of an emergency. It is recommended that you hold a fire drill while family members are sleeping in order to determine their response to the sound of the smoke alarm while sleeping and to determine whether they may need assistance in the event of an emergency. Smoke alarms cannot work without power. Battery operated units cannot work if the batteries are missing, disconnected or dead, if the wrong type of batteries are used, or if the batteries are not installed correctly. AC units cannot work if the AC powe is cut off for any reason (open fuse or circuit breaker, failure along a power line or at a power station, electrical fire that burns the electrical wires, etc.). If you are concerned about the limitations of battery or AC power, install both types of units. Smoke alarms cannot detect fires if the smoke does not reach the Alarms. Smoke from fires in chimneys or walls, on roofs, or on the other side of closed doors may not reach the sensing chamber and set off the alarm. That is why one unit should be installed inside each bedroom or sleeping area—especially if bedroom or sleeping area doors are closed at night—and in the hallway between the sense of the sense ment fire until the fire spreads. This may not give you enough time to escape safely. That is why recomm is at least one unit in every sleeping area, and every bedroom on every level of your dwelling. Even with a unit on every level, stand-alone units may not provide as much protection as interconnected units, especially if the fire starts in a remote area. Some sately experts recommend installing interconnected AC powered units with battery back-up (see "About Tsonke Alarms") or professional fire detection systems, so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm. Interconnected units may provide earlier warning than stand-alone units since all units alarm when one detects smoke. Smoke alarms may not be heard. Though the alarm horn in this unit meets or exceeds current standards, it may not be heard. Though the alarm horn in this unit meets or exceeds current standards, it may not be heard if: 1) the unit is located outside a closed or partially closed door, 2) residents recently consumed alcohol or drugs, 3) the alarm is drowned out by noise from stero, IV, traffic, air conditioner or other appliances, 4) residents are hearing impaired or sound slee Special purpose units, like those with visual and audible alarms, should be installed for hearing impaired residents.

Smoke alarms may not have time to alarm before the fire itself causes damage, injury, or death, since smoke from some fires may not reach the unit immediately. Examples of this include persons smoking in bed, children playing with matches, or fires caused by violent explosions resulting from escaping gas.

Smoke alarms are not foolproof. Like any electronic device, smoke alarms are made of components that can wear out or fail at any time. You must test the unit weekly to ensure your continued protection. smoke alarms cannot prevent or extinguish fires. They are not a substitute for property or life insurance. Smoke alarms have a limited life. The unit should be replaced immediately if it is not operating properly. You should always replace a smoke alarm after 10 years from date of purchase. Write the purchase date on the space provided on back of unit.

IF YOU SUSPECT A PROBLEM

Smoke alarms may not operate properly because of dead, missing or weak batteries, a build-up of dirt, dust or grease on the smoke alarm cover, or installation in an improper location. Clean the smoke alarm as described in "Regular Maintenance," and install a fresh battery, then test the smoke alarm again. If it fails to test properly when you use the test button, or if the problem persists, replace the smoke alarm immediately.

· If you hear a "chirp" approximately once a minute, replace the batteries.

If you experience frequent non-emergency alarms (like those caused by cooking smoke), try relocating the smoke alarm.

If the alarm sounds when no smoke is visible, try cleaning or relocating the smoke alarm. The cover may be dirty.

· If the alarm does not sound during testing, make sure it is receiving AC power from the household current.

AWARNING! Always discharge the branch circuit before servicing an AC or AC/DC smoke alarm. First, turn off the AC power at the circuit breaker or fuse box. Next, remove the battery from smoke alarms with battery back-up. Finally, press and hold the test button for 5-10 seconds to discharge the branch circuit.

Do not try fixing the alarm yourself – this will void your warranty! If the smoke alarm is still not operating properly, and it is still under warranty, please see "How to Obtain Warranty Service" in the Limited Warranty.

RECOMMENDED LOCATIONS FOR SMOKE ALARMS

INSTALLING SMOKE ALARMS IN SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCES

More specifically, install smoke alarms:

The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), recommends one smoke alarm on every level, in every sleeping area, and in every bedroom. In new construction, the smoke alarms must be AC powered and interconnected. See "Agency Placement Recommendations" for details. For additional coverage, it is recommended that you install a smoke alarm in all rooms, halls, storage areas, finished attics, and basements, when prepartures normally remain between 40° F $(4.4^\circ$ C) and 100° F $(37.8^\circ$ C). Make sure no door or other obstruction could keep smoke from reaching the smoke alarms.

On every level of your home, including finished attics and basements.

· Inside every bedroom, especially if people sleep with the door partly or completely closed. In the hall near every sleeping area. If your home has multiple sleeping areas, install a unit in each. If a hall is more than 40 feet long (12 meters), install a unit at each end. · At the top of the first-to-second level stairway, and at the bottom of the basement stairway.

RECOMMENDED PLACEMENT: One on every level and A CO Carbon Monoxide Alarm One on every level and in every bedroom

🏡 co 🖡

IMPORTANT!

Specific requirements for smoke alarm installation vary from state to state and from region to region. Check with your local Fire Department for current requirements in your area. It is recommended AC or AC/DC units be interconnected for added protection.

LIMITED WARRANTY

BRK Brands, Inc., ("BRK") the maker of First Alert[®] brand products warrants that for a period of seven years from the date of purchase, this product will be free from defects in material and workmanship, BRK, at its option, will repair or replace this product or any component of the product found to be defective during the warranty period. Replacement will be made with a new or remandactured product morponent. If the product is no longer available, replacement may be made with a similar product of equal or greater value. This is your exclusive warranty. This warranty is valid for the original retail purchaser from the date of initial retail purchase and is not transferable. Keep the original sales receipt. Proof of purchase is required to obtain warranty performance. BRK dealers, service centers, or retail stores selling BRK products do not have the right to alter, modify or any way change the terms and conditions of this warranty. This warranty does not cover normal wear of parts or damage resulting from any of the following: negligent use or misuse of the product, use on improper voltage or current, use contrary to the operating instructions, disassembly, regain or alteration by anyone other than BRK or an authorized service center. Further, the warranty does not cover Acts of God, such as fire, flood, hurricanes and tomadoes or any batteries that are included with this unit.

Service: If service is required, do not return the product to your retailer. In order to obtain warranty service, contact the Customer Service Team at 1-800-323-9005. To assist us in serving you, please have the model number and date of purchase available when calling.

For Warranty Service return to: BRK Brands, Inc., 1301 Joe Battle, El Paso, TX 79936

Disposal: Waste electrical products should not be disposed of with regular household waste. Please recycle where facilities exist. Check local requirements for disposal of Li-lon electronic devices

You can also return your alarm to us for disposal. For return address see above. Please include a note confirming the product is being returned for disposal. Visit www.firstalert.com for more information.

For your records, please record: Date Purchased: Where Purchased:

The alarm will also provide an audible End-of-Life Signal approximately 10 years after installation to remind you to replace the unit batteries until you have a replacemen

REGULAR MAINTENANCE (CONTINUED)..

CHOOSING A REPLACEMENT BATTERY: Your smoke alarm requires 2 "AA" Duracell MN1500 batteries. These batteries are available at many local retail stores.

AWARNING! Always use the exact batteries specified by this User's Manual. DO NOT use rechargeable batteries. Clean the battery contacts and also those of the device prior to battery installation. Install batteries correctly with regard to polarity (+ and -).

Please dispose of or recycle used batteries properly, following any local regulations. Consult your local waste management authority or recycling organization to find an electronics recycling facility in your area. DO NOT DISPOSE OF BATTERIES IN FIRE. BATTERIES MAY EXPLODE OR LEAK.

AWARNING

 Keep battery out of reach of children. In the event a battery is swallowed, immediately contact your poison control
center, your physician, or the National Battery Ingestion hotline at 202-625-3333 as serious injury may occur. **IMPORTANT!** Actual battery service life depends on the smoke alarm and the environment in which it is installed. All the batteries specified

above are acceptable replacement batteries for this unit. Regardless of the manufacturer's suggested battery life, you MUST replace the battery immediately once the unit starts "chirping" (the "Low Battery Warning").

TO REPLACE THE BATTERIES (WITHOUT REMOVING ALARM FROM THE CEILING OR WALL):

4. Close the battery compartment, and then test the unit by pressing the Test/Silence button



AC Power	All Models	DC Power	
Normal Operation	Constant Green LED No Audible Alarm	Green LED Off No Audible Alarm	
Test Condition	Constant Green LED Rapidly Flashing Red LED Audible Alarm	Green LED Off Rapidly Flashing Red LED Audible Alarm	
Alarm Condition* (Initiating Unit)	Constant Green LED Rapidly Flashing Red LED Audible Alarm	Green LED Off Rapidly Flashing Red LED Audible Alarm	
Silence Mode	Rapidly Flashing Red LED	Rapidly Flashing Red LED	
Low Battery	Alarm "chirp" approx. once/minute	Alarm "chirp" approx. once/minute	
Malfunction	3 rapid "chirps" every minute; LED flashes approx. once a minute	3 rapid "chirps" every minute; LED flashes approx. once a minute	
NOTE: When power is applied, unit(s) may alarm momentarily. *When any smoke alarm in an interconnected series triggers an alarm, its red LED will flash rapidly. The red LEDs will remain OFF on any remaining alarms in the series. This feature helps responders identify which unit(s) triggered the alarm.			

AGENCY PLACEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

NFPA 72 Chapter 29 "For your information, the **National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code**, NFPA 72, reads as follows:" 29.5.1* Required Detection.

(1) *In all sleeping rooms and guest rooms

(3) On every level of a dwelling unit, including basements

(6) In the living area(s) of a residential board and care occupancy (small facility)

(5) *In the living area(s) of a guest suite

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smoke alarm installed in each separate sleeping area (in the vicinity, but outside bedrooms), and Heat or smoke alarms in the living rooms, dining rooms, bedrooms, kitchens, hallways, finished attics, furnace rooms, closets, utility and storage rooms, basements, and attached garages.

AC with battery (DC) back-up: will operate if electricity fails, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. AC and AC/DC units must be installed by a qualified electrician.

Smoke alarms are not to be used with detector guards unless the combination has been evaluated and found suitable for that purpose. All these smoke alarms are designed to provide early warning of fires if located, installed and cared for as described in the user's manual, and if smoke reaches the Alarm. If you are unsure which type of unit to install, refer to NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 72 (Alational Fire Alarm and Signaling Code) and NFPA (101 (Life Safety Code), National Fire Protection Association, One Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269-9101. Local building codes may also require specific units in new construction or in different areas of the home.

WIRELESS OPERATION

FIRE SAFETY TIPS

First Alert® WIRELESS INTERCONNECT Technology is the easy, cost-effective way to provide your family with whole-home safety This view way by provided with minimum and the action to the without wire or connectors. When one Alarm sounds, the all sound. This provides your family with an earlier warning of potential danger, and gives you more time to react. The communication distance (range) between any two WIRELESS INTERCONNECT Alarms is typically 100 feet (30 meters) inside of a home. Some features

nce from structural conditions can be overcome by adding additional Alarms to route the wireless signal around obstructions IMPORTANT!

The range and proper operation of any wireless device will vary depending on its surroundings. It is very important that each Alarm is tested individually before and after installation to make sure that all Alarms respond properly. The WIRELESS INTERCONNECT Alarms are not to be used outdoors or to transmit between buildings. The Alarms will not communicate properly under these conditions.

changes to your home such as remodeling, moving furniture, and with metal doors opened and closed.

Your First Alert[®] WIRELESS INTERCONNECT smoke alarm will automatically communicate potential fires with all other First Alert[®] WIRELESS INTERCONNECT smoke alarms. **ACAUTION!**

Follow safety rules and prevent hazardous situations: 1) Use smoking materials properly. Never smoke in bed. 2) Keep matches or lighters away from Follow safety rules and prevent hazardous situations: 1) use smoking materials properly. Never smoke in bed. 2) Keep matches or igniters away from children; 3) Store flammable materials in proper containers. 4 (Ree pelectrical appliances in good condition and don't over delectrical appliances in good condition and don't over delectrical appliances in good containers. 4 (Ree part leave anything cooking on the stove unattended; 7) Keep portable heate and open flames, like candles, away from flammable materials; 8) Don't let rubbish accumulate. Keep alarms clean, and test them weekly. Replace alarms inmediately like year not working properly. Smoke alarms that do not work cannot alert you to a fire. Keep at least one working fire extinguisher on every level, and an additional one in the kitchen. Have fire escape ladders or other reliable means of escape from an upper level in case stairs are blocked.

ons not expressly approved by BRK Brands, Inc. could void the user's authority to operate the equipment

IF THIS SMOKE ALARM SOUNDS RESPONDING TO AN ALARM

During an alarm, you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause AWARNING!

If the unit alarms and you are not testing the unit, it is warning you of a potentially dangerous situation that requires your immediate attention. NEVER ignore any alarm. Ignoring the alarm may result in injury or death. Never disconnect the AC power to quiet an unwanted alarm. Disconnecting the power disables the Alarm so it cannot sense smoke This will remove your protection, instead, open a window or fan the smoke away from the unit. The Alarm will reset aut

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD: Attempting to disconnect the power connector from the unit when the power is on may result in electrical shock, serious injury or death. when the power is on may resum the electrical shock, services injury of ueath. When an interconnected system of AC powered units is in alarm, the alarm indicator light on the unit(s) that initiated the alarm will blink rapidly. It will remain OFF on any remaining units.

If the unit alarms get everyone out of the house immediately.

If the unit alarms, get everyone out of the dwelling immediately. If the unit alarms and you are certain that the source of smoke is not a fire—cooking smoke or an extremely dusty furnace. for example—open a nearby window or door and fan the smoke away from the unit (Use the Silence Feature to silence the Alarm). This will silence the alarm, and once the smoke clears the unit will reset itself automatically.

WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF FIRE

· Don't panic; stay calm. Follow your family escape plan. · Get out of the house as quickly as possible. Don't stop to get dressed or collect anything.

Feel doors with the back of your hand before opening them. If a door is cool, open it slowly. Don't open a hot door. Keep doors and windows closed, unless you must escape through them.
 Cover your nose and mouth with a cloth (preferably damp). Take short, shallow breaths.

Meet at your planned meeting place outside your home, and do a head count to make sure everybody got out safely.

· Call the Fire Department as soon as possible from outside. Give your address, then your name. · Never go back inside a burning building for any reason. Contact your Fire Department for ideas on making your home safer

AWARNING! Alarms have various limitations. See "Limitations of Smoke Alarms" for details.

IISING THE SILENCE FEATURE The silence feature can temporarily quiet an unwanted alarm for up to 15 minutes.

AWARNING!

he silence feature does not disable the unit—it makes it temporarily less sensitive to smoke. For your safety, if smoke around the unit dense enough to suggest a potentially dangerous situation, the unit will stay in alarm or may re-alarm quickly. If you do not know the ource of the smoke, do not assume it is an unwanted alarm. Not responding to an alarm can result in property loss, injury, or death.

To silence smoke alarms in an interconnected series:

1. To silence multiple alarms in an interconnected series, you must press the Test/Silence button on the unit(s) that triggered the alarm 2. Once you activate the silence feature, the Red LED will continue to flash rapidly. 3. Pressing the Test/Silence button when in silence will restart the silence timer.

IMPORTANT!

The silence feature on these units can temporarily quiet an unwanted alarm for up to 15 minutes. To use this feature, press the Test/Silence button on the cover. If the unit will not silence and no heavy smoke is present, or if it stays in silence mode continuously, it should be replaced immediately. SILENCING THE LOW BATTERY WARNING

This silence feature can temporarily quiet the Low Battery Warning "chirp" for up to 8 hours. You can silence the Low Battery Warning "chirp" by pressing the Test/Silence button on the alarm cover.

Once the Low Battery Warning "chirp" silence feature is activated, the unit continues to flash the Green light twice a minute for 8 hours. After 8 hours, the low battery "chirp" will resume. Replace the batteries as soon as possible; this unit will not operate without battery power! To deactivate this feature: Press the Test/Silence button again. The unit will go into Test Mode and the Low Battery Warning will resume (LED flashes and unit sounds "chirp" once a minute).

Acts or loot, such as hie, nood, nurricanes and furnadoes of any batteries that are included with this min.

BRK shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential damages caused by the breach of any express or implied warranty. Except to the extent prohibited by applicable law, any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose is limited in duration to the duration of the above warranty. Some states, provinces or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state or province to province. HOW TO OBTAIN WARRANTY SERVICE

Battery: BRK Brands, Inc. make no warranty, express or implied, written or oral, including that of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose with respect to battery.

Date Installed: Replace alarm 10 years after installation

Please write the date in the space provided

The End-of-Life Signal can be silenced for

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IF YOU SUSPECT A PROBLEM

Smoke alarms may not operate properly because of dead, missing or weak batteries, a build-up of dirt, dust or grease on the smoke alarm cover, or installation in an improper location. Clean the smoke alarm as described in "Regular Maintenance," and install a fresh battery, then test the smoke alarm again. If it fails to test properly when you use the test button, or if the problem persists, replace the smoke alarm immediately.

· If you hear a "chirp" approximately once a minute, replace the batteries.

• If you experience frequent non-emergency alarms (like those caused by cooking smoke), try relocating the smoke alarm. • If the alarm sounds when no smoke is visible, try cleaning or relocating the smoke alarm. The cover may be dirty. · If the alarm does not sound during testing, make sure it is receiving AC power from the household current.

AWARNING!

Always discharge the branch circuit before servicing an AC or AC/DC smoke alarm. First, turn off the AC power at the circuit breaker or fuse box. Next, remove the battery from smoke alarms with battery back-up. Finally, press and hold the test button for 5-10 seconds to discharge the branch circuit.

If the smoke alarm is still not operating properly, and it is still under warranty, please see "How to Obtain Warranty Service" in the Limited Warranty. **RECOMMENDED LOCATIONS FOR SMOKE ALARMS**

· At the top of the first-to-second level stairway, and at the bottom of the basement stairway

INSTALLING SMOKE ALARMS IN SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCES

The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), recommends one smoke alarm on every level, in every sleeping area, and in every bedroom. In new construction, the smoke alarms must be AC powered and interconnected. See "Agency Placement Recommendations" for details. For additional coverage, it is recommended that you install a smoke alarm in all rooms, halls, storage areas, finished attics, and basements, where temperatures normally remain between 40° F (4.4°C) and 100° F (37.8°C). Make sure no door or other obstruction could keep smoke from reaching the smoke alarms. More specifically, install smoke alarms:

· On every level of your home, including finished attics and basements. · Inside every bedroom, especially if people sleep with the door partly or completely closed. In the hall near every sleeping area. If your home has multiple sleeping areas, install a unit in each. If a hall is more than 40 feet long (12 meters), install a unit at each end.

Smoke Alarm One on every level and

Carbon Monoxide Alarm

RECOMMENDED PLACEMENT: A CO

IMPORTANT!

29.5.1.1* Where required by other governing laws, codes, or standards for a specific type of occupancy, approved single and multiple-station smoke alarms shall be installed as follows:

(2) *Outside of each separate dwelling unit sleeping area, within 21 ft (6.4 m) of any door to a sleeping room, with the distance measured along a path of travel (4) On every level of a residential board and care occupancy (small facility), including basements and excluding crawl spaces and unfinished attics

CALIFORNIA STATE FIRE MARSHAL (CSFM) Early warning detection is best achieved by the installation of fire detection equipment in all rooms and areas of the household as follows: A

Battery (DC) operated Smoke Alarms: Provide protection even when electricity fails, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. Units are easy to install, and do not require professional installation. However, they do not provide interconnected functionality. AC powered Smoke Alarms: Can be interconnected so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm. They do not operate if electricity fails.

WIRELESS INTERCONNECT Smoke Alarms with battery (DC) back-up: Interconnects with all WIRELESS INTERCONNECT enabled Smoke and Smokel/CO Alarms without wires or connectors, so when one alarm sounds, they all sound. Will operate if electricity falls, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. Units are easy to install, and do not require professional installation. Smoke Alarms for solar or wind energy users and battery backup power systems: AC powered smoke alarms should only be operated with true or pure sine wave inverters. Operating this smoke alarm with most battery-powered UPS (uninterruptible power supply) products or square wave or "quasi sine wave" inverters will damage the Alarm. If you are not sure about your inverter or UPS type, please consult with the manufacturer to verify. Smoke Alarms for the hearing impaired: Special purpose smoke alarms should be installed for the hearing impaired. They include a visual alarm and an audible alarm horn, and meet the requirements of the Americans With Disabilities Act. These units can be interconnected so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm.

SPECIAL COMPLIANCE CONSIDERATIONS

This smoke alarm is suitable for use in apartments, condominiums, townhouses, hospitals, day care facilities, health care facilities, boarding houses, group nomes and dormitories provided a primary fire detection system already exists to meet fire detection requirements in common areas like lobbies, hallways, or porches. Using this smoke alarm in common areas may not provide sufficient warning to all residents or meet local fire protection ordinances/regulations. This smoke alarm alone is not a suitable substitute for complete fire detection systems in places housing many people—like apartment buildings, condominiums, hotels, motels, dormitories, hospitals, health care facilities, nursing homes, day care facilities or group homes of any kind. It is not a suitable substitute for complete fire detection systems in warehouses, industrial facilities rcial buildings, and special-purpose non-residential buildings which require special fire detection and alarm systems. Depending on the building codes in your area, this smoke alarm may be used to provide additional protection in these facilities In new construction, most building codes require the use of AC/DC powered smoke alarms only. In existing construction, AC, AC/DC, or DC powered smoke alarms can be used as specified by local building codes. Refer to NFPA 72 (National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code) and NFPA 101 (Life Safety Code), local building codes, or consult your Fire Department for detailed fire protection requirements in buildings not defined as "households".

AWARNING!

cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna. · Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver. · Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that of the receiver

Certain HUD battery powered smoke alarm applications, especially those that fall under HUD 223(f) MAP (Multi-family Accelerated Processing), may require a 10 Year sealed tamper resistant battery. This alarm does not meet that requirement. Substitute First Alert SA340B.

· Consult the dealer or an experienced radio or TV technician for help.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that the interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does

Changes or modifications to the product, not expressly approved by First Alert / BRK Brands, Inc., could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation, FCC ID: M7U5201L

LIMITATIONS OF SMOKE ALARMS

Smoke alarms cannot work without power. Battery operated units cannot work if the batteries are missing, disconnected or dead, if the wrong type of batteries are used, or if the batteries are not installed correctly. AC units cannot work if the AC power is cut off for any reason (open fuse or circuit breaker, failure along a power line or at a power station, electrical fire that burns the electrical wires, etc.). If you are concerned about the limitations of battery or AC power, install both types of units. Smoke alarms cannot detect fires if the smoke does not reach the Alarms. Smoke from fires in chimneys or walls, on roofs, or on the other side of closed doors may not reach the sensing chamber and set off the alarm. That is why one unit should be installed inside each bedroom or sleeping area—sepscially if bedroom or sleeping area doors are closed at night—and in the hallway between them.

Smoke alarms may not detect fire on another level or area of the dwelling. For example, a stand-alone unit on the second level may not detect smoke from a basement fire until the fire spreads. This may not give you enough time to escape safely. That is why recommended minimum prote is at least one unit in every sleeping area, and every bedroom on every level of your dwelling. Even with a unit on every level, stand-alone units may not provide as much protection as interconnected units, especially if the fire starts in a remote area. Some safety experts recommend installing interconnected AC powered units with battery back-up (see "About Smoke Alarms") or professional fire detection systems, so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm. Interconnected units may provide earlier warning than stand-alone units since all units alarm when one detects smol

Smoke alarms are not foolprof. Like any electronic device, smoke alarms are made f components that can wear out or fail at any time. You must test the unit weekly to ensure your continued protection. smoke alarms cannot prevent or extinguish fires. They are not a substitute for property or life insurance.

Smoke alarms have a limited life. The unit should be replaced immediately if it is not operating properly. You should always replace a smoke alarm after 10 years from date of purchase. Write the purchase date on the space provided on back of unit.

not readily waken to the sound of the smoke alarm, or if there are infants or family members with mobility limitations, make sure that someone is assigned

Smoke alarms have played a key role in reducing deaths resulting from home fires worldwide. However, like any warning device, smoke alarms can only work if they are properly located, installed, and maintained, and if smoke reaches the alarms. They are not foolproof. Smoke alarms may not waken all individuals. Practice the escape plan at least twice a year, making sure that everyone is involved - from kids to grandparents. Allow children to master fire escape planning and practice before holding a fire drill at night when they are sleeping. If children or others do

to assist them in fire drill and in the event of an emergency. It is recommended that you hold a fire drill while family members are sleeping in order to determine their response to the sound of the smoke alarm while sleeping and to determine whether they may need assistance in the event of an emergency. Smoke alarms may not be heard. Though the alarm horn in this unit meets or exceeds current standards, it may not be heard if: 1) the unit is located outside a closed or partially closed door, 2) residents recently consumed alcohol or drugs, 3) the alarm is drowned out by noise from sterce, TV, traffic, air conditioner or other appliances, 4) residents are hearing impaired or sound slee Special purpose units, like those with visual and audible alarms, should be installed for hearing impaired residents. Smoke alarms may not have time to alarm before the fire itself causes damage, injury, or death, since smoke from some fires may not reach the unit immediately. Examples of this include persons smoking in bed, children playing with matches, or fires caused by violent explosions resulting from escaping gas.

This warranty is valid for the original retail purchaser from the date of initial retail purchase and is not transferable. Keep the original sales receipt. Proof of purchase is required to obtain warranty performance. BRK dealers, service centers, or retail stores selling BRK products do not have the right to alter, modify or any way change the terms and conditions of this warranty. This warranty does not cover normal wear of parts or damage resulting from any of the following: negligent use or misuse of the product, use on improper voltage or current, use contrary to the operating instructions, disassembly, regain or alteration by anyone other than BRK or an authorized service center. Further, the warranty does not cover Acts of God, such as fire, flood, hurricanes and tomadoes or any batteries that are included with this unit. BRK shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential damages caused by the breach of any express or implied warranty. Except to the extent prohibited by applicable law, any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose is limited in duration to the duration of the above warranty. Some states, provinces or jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state or province to province.

Visit www.firstalert.com for more information.

The alarm will also provide an audible End-of-Life Signal approximately 10 years after installation to remind you to replace the unit The End-of-Life Signal can be silenced for batteries until you have a rep

For your records, please record:

One on every level and in every bedroom 🏡 co 🏅 Specific requirements for smoke alarm installation vary from state to state and from region to region. Check with your local Fire Department for current requirements in your area. It is recommended AC or AC/DC units be interconnected for added protection.

BRK Brands, Inc., ("BRK") the maker of First Alert[®] brand products warrants that for a period of seven years from the date of purchase, this product will be free from defects in material and workmanship, BRK, at its option, will repair or replace this product or any component of the product found to be defective during the warranty period. Replacement will be made with a new or remandactured product morponent. If the product is no longer available, replacement may be made with a similar product of equal or greater value. This is your exclusive warranty.

Date Purchased: Where Purchased: Date Installed: Replace alarm 10 years after installation Please write the date in the space provided

LIMITED WARRANTY

Battery: BRK Brands, Inc. make no warranty, express or implied, written or oral, including that of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose with respect to battery. Disposal: Waste electrical products should not be disposed of with regular household waste. Please recycle where facilities exist. Check local requirements for disposal of Li-lon electronic devices You can also return your alarm to us for disposal. For return address see above. Please include a note confirming the product is being returned for disposal.

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· Consult the dealer or an experienced radio or TV technician for help. AWARNING!