

Material Safety Data Sheet

VOLVO ANAEROBIC SEALANT PRIMER

1. Product and company identification

Material uses	: Industrial applications: Primers; Adhesives.
Manufacturer	: Chemtool Incorporated 801 West Rockton Road Rockton, IL 61072 U.S.A. Tel: +01 815.957.4140 Fax: +01 815.624.0292
Product code	: RMC8403105
MSDS #	: 2107
Validation date	: 9/25/2013.
In case of emergency	: INFOTRAC U.S. and Canada - 800.535.5053 Outside the U.S. and Canada - +01 352.323.3500

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview		
Physical state	:	Liquid [Aerosol.]
Color	:	Green.
Odor	:	Solvent.
Signal word	:	DANGER!
Hazard statements	:	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE AEROSOL. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION.
Precautionary measures	:	Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Wash thoroughly after handling.
OSHA/HCS status	1	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Routes of entry	:	Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.
Validated on 9/25/2013.		1/17

2. Hazards identification

Skin	: Slightly irritating to the skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eyes	: Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Potential chronic health ef	f <u>ects</u>
Chronic effects	: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Target organs	: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Over-exposure signs/sy	<u>mptoms</u>
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Medical conditions aggravated by over- exposure	 Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

United States

Name	CAS number	%
acetone	67-64-1	70-98
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	5-10
Naphthenic acids, copper salts	1338-02-9	1-5

<u>Canada</u>

Name	CAS number	%
acetone	67-64-1	70-98
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	5-10
Naphthenic acids, copper salts	1338-02-9	1-5

<u>Mexico</u>

Classification

Name	CAS number	UN number	%	IDLH	н	F	R	Special
	indini bor							

							MS	DS # : 2107
3. Composition/in	formatio	n on ing	gredient	S				
acetone	67-64-1	UN1993	70-98	2500 ppm	2	3	0	-
Naphthenic acids, copper salts	1338-02-9	UN1993	1-5	-	1	2	0	-
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	UN1956	5-10	40000 ppm	0	0	0	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measu	ures
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	 Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Protection of first-aiders	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Notes to physician	 No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Extinguishing media		
Suitable	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Not suitable	:	None known.
Special exposure hazards	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods for cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

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Handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Storage	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

United States

Ingredient	Exposure limits
acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1188 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1782 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Carbon dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2011). TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 18000 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 16 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 16 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 18 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours.

<u>Canada</u>

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (/A (8 hours) STEL (15 mins		s) Ceiling						
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/ m³	Other	ppm	mg/ m³	Other	ppm	mg/ m³	Other	Notations
acetone	US ACGIH 3/2012	500	1188	-	750	1782	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	500	1200	-	750	1800	-	-	-	-	
	BC 4/2012	250	-	-	500	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	500	1188	-	750	1782	-	-	-	-	
	QC 12/2012	500	1190	-	1000	2380	-	-	-	-	
Carbon dioxide	US ACGIH 1/2011	5000	9000	-	30000	54000	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	5000	9000	-	30000	54000	-	-	-	-	
	BC 9/2011	5000	-	-	15000	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2010	5000	9000	-	30000	54000	-	-	-	-	
	QC 9/2011	5000	9000	-	30000	54000	-	-	-	-	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Mexico</u>

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	Exposure limits	
acetone	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). LMPE-PPT: 1000 ppm 8 hours. LMPE-PPT: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LMPE-CT: 3000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. LMPE-CT: 1260 ppm 15 minutes.	
Carbon dioxide	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). LMPE-PPT: 5000 ppm 8 hours. LMPE-PPT: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours. LMPE-CT: 27000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. LMPE-CT: 15000 ppm 15 minutes.	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Engineering measures	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Personal protection	
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Eyes	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid [Aerosol.]
Flash point	: Closed cup: -17.8°C (-0.04°F) [Setaflash.]
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Flammable limits	: Not available.
Color	: Green.
Odor	: Solvent.
рН	: Not applicable.
Boiling/condensation point	: 56.1°C (133°F)
Melting/freezing point	: Not available.
Density	: 0.8 g/cm ³
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Volatility	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Dispersibility properties	: Not available.
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
Heat of combustion	: 24.77 kJ/g

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

United States

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Dose	e E	Exposure
acetone	LD50 Oral		Rat	5800	mg/kg -	
Conclusion/Summary	: May be harmful	if swallowed	d.			
Chronic toxicity	2					
Conclusion/Summary	: Contains mater	ial that may	cause target orga	an damage.	based on anim	al data.
rritation/Corrosion		,				
Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritar	nt	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritar		Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate	irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irri	itant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritan	t	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
					milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritan	t	Rabbit	-	395 millionama	-
					milligrams	
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: Causes skin irri	tation. Repe	ated exposure m	ay cause s	kin dryness or c	racking.
Eyes	: Causes eye irrit	ation.				
Respiratory	: Repeated or pro		llation of vapors r	mav lead to	chronic respira	tory irritation.
Sensitizer	- F	J		· , · · · · ·		,
Conclusion/Summary						
			unitalata in avus dat		undian a the end time of	: #::
Skin	: No specific info properties of thi		ensitization not s			ensitizing
Respiratory	: Sensitization no	t suspected	for humans.			
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da humans.	ata available	on the mixture it	self. Carcin	ogenicity not su	spected for
Classification						
Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
acetone	A4	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da humans.	ata available	on the mixture it	self. Mutag	enicity not susp	ected for
Teratogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da humans.	ata available	on the mixture it	self. Terato	genicity not sus	pected for
Reproductive toxicity						
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da humans, accord		on the mixture it atabase.	self. Not co	nsidered to be o	dangerous to
				self. Not co	nsidered to be o	dangerous to

<u>Canada</u>

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone Naphthenic acids, copper salts	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	5800 mg/kg 2 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: May be harmful if swallowed.

humans.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin	: Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eyes	: Causes eye irritation.
Respiratory	: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of vapors may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
<u>Sensitizer</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	
Skin	 No specific information is available in our database regarding the skin sensitizing properties of this product. Sensitization not suspected for humans.
Respiratory	: Sensitization not suspected for humans.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Carcinogenicity not suspected for

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
acetone	A4	-	-	-	-	-
Mutagenicity	·					
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no humans.	data available	on the mixture	itself. Mutagen	icity not susp	ected for
Teratogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no humans.	data available	on the mixture	itself. Teratoge	enicity not sus	spected for

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Not considered to be dangerous to humans, according to our database.

<u>Mexico</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Dos	•	Exposure
acetone Naphthenic acids, copper salts	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral		Rat 5800 mg/kg Rat 2 g/kg			
Conclusion/Summary	: May be harmful	: May be harmful if swallowed.				
Chronic toxicity	-					
Conclusion/Summary	: Contains materia	al that may ca	ause target orga	an damage,	based on anin	nal data.
rritation/Corrosion						
Product/ingredient name	Result		Score	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritan	t	Human	-	186300 parts	-
	Eyes - Mild irritan	ł	Rabbit	_	per million 10 microliters	_
	Eyes - Moderate i		Rabbit	_	24 hours 20	-
	,,				milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irrit		Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant		Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant		Rabbit		milligrams 395	-
			Tabbit	-	milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary					-	
Skin	: Causes skin irrit	ation. Repeat	ed exposure m	ay cause s	kin dryness or o	cracking.
Eyes	: Causes eye irritation.					
Respiratory	: Repeated or pro	longed inhala	ition of vapors i	may lead to	chronic respira	atory irritation.
<u>Sensitizer</u>						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	: No specific infor properties of this					sensitizing
Respiratory	: Sensitization not	•				
Carcinogenicity		·				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da humans.	ta available o	n the mixture it	self. Carcin	ogenicity not su	uspected for
Classification	indificatio.					
Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
acetone	A4	-	-	-	-	-
lutagenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no da	ta available o	n the mixture it	self. Mutag	enicity not susp	ected for
Conclusion/Summary	humans.					
Ceratogenicity	humans.					

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Not considered to be dangerous to humans, according to our database.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: Readily biodegradable

United States

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Daphniidae Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	96 hours 21 days 21 days

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation. Expected to be biodegradable.

Canada

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
Naphthenic acids, copper salts	Acute LC50 3300 to 10000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.044 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.161 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixt	ure itself.	•
Persistence/degradability			

Conclusion/Summary

: This product has not been tested for biodegradation. Expected to be biodegradable.

<u>Mexico</u>

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/I Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
Naphthenic acids, copper salts	Acute LC50 3300 to 10000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.044 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 0.161 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixt	ure itself.	·
Persistence/degradability			
Conclusion/Summary	: This product has not been tested for bid	odegradation. Expected to be biodeg	gradable.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.
RCRA classification	: D001

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information

					MSDS # : 2107
14. Transpor	t inform	ation			
DOT Classification	UN1950	Aerosols RQ (acetone)	2.1		Reportable quantity5952.4 lbs / 2702.4 kg[892.37 gal / 3378 L]Package sizesshipped in quantitiesless than the productreportable quantity arenot subject to the RQ(reportable quantity)transportationrequirements.PackaginginstructionPassenger aircraftQuantity limitation: 75 kgCargo aircraftQuantity limitation:150 kgSpecial provisions153, N82
TDG Classification	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2.1	-	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 75
Mexico Classification	UN1950	AEROSOLES	2.1	-	Special provisions 63, 190, 277
ADR/RID Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2		The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Limited quantity 1 L Special provisions 190 327 625 344 Tunnel code (D)

Validated on 9/25/2013.

					MSDS # : 2107
14. Transpo	rt inform	ation			
IMDG Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS. Marine pollutant (Naphthenic acids, copper salts)	2.1	-	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS)</u> F-D, S-U <u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327, 959, 344
IATA-DGR Class	UN1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1		The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y203 Special provisions A145, A167

PG* : Packing group

15. Regulatory information

United States	
HCS Classification	: Flammable aerosol Irritating material Target organ effects
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	SARA 302/304: No products were found. SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

15. Regulatory information

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Naphthenic acids, copper salts

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Listed

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting requirements	: Naphthenic acids, copper salts	1338-02-9	1-5
Supplier notification	: Naphthenic acids, copper salts	1338-02-9	1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

<u>State regulations</u>	State	regu	lations
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Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting	: None of the components are listed.
Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey	: None of the components are listed.
Florida substances	: None of the components are listed.
Illinois Chemical Safety Act	: None of the components are listed.
Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act	: None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Reporting	: None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Spill	: None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Spill	: None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Substances	 The following components are listed: ACETONE; CARBON DIOXIDE
Michigan Critical Material	: None of the components are listed.
Minnesota Hazardous Substances	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Spill	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Hazardous Substances	 The following components are listed: ACETONE; 2-PROPANONE; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS; COPPER compounds
New York Acutely Hazardous Substances	 The following components are listed: Acetone; 2-Propanone
New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting	: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances	: The following components are listed: 2-PROPANONE; CARBON DIOXIDE; COPPER COMPOUNDS

15. Regulatory information

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

None of the components are listed.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: All components are listed or exempted.
<u>Canada</u>	
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class B-5: Flammable aerosol. Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
<u>Canadian lists</u>	
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds; Copper (and its compounds)
CEPA Toxic substances	: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds; Carbon dioxide
Canada inventory; DSL/ NDSL	: All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

and the MSDS contains an the mornation required by the controlled Froducts Regulations.		
<u>Mexico</u>		
Classification	:	
	Health 2 0 Reactivity Special	
International regulations		
International lists	 Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined. Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted. 	
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	: Not listed	
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule Il Chemicals	: Not listed	
Chemical Weapons	: Not listed	

Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

16. Other information

Label requirements

: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE AEROSOL. CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

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National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.