

Material Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME:3M™ Marine Mildew Stain Remover, PN 09067**MANUFACTURER:**3M**DIVISION:**Automotive Aftermarket

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

Issue Date:	10/17/12
Supercedes Date:	Initial Issue

Document Group: 30-8872-1

Product Use:

Intended Use: Specific Use: Automotive Remove mildew stains from colorfast Marine surfaces

SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
WATER	7732-18-5	60 - 100
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	7681-52-9	1 - 10
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	< 2.5
SODIUM MYRISTOYL SARCOSINATE	Trade Secret	< 2
N,N-DIMETHYL-1-MYRISTYLAMINE-N-OXIDE	Trade Secret	< 2

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Odor, Color, Grade: Pale Yellow Liquid Fresh Chlorine Odor General Physical Form: Liquid Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards: Contact with aluminum or zinc in a pressurized system may generate hydrogen gas which could create an explosion hazard. May cause chemical eye burns. May cause chemical skin burns. May cause chemical gastrointestinal burns.

3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Skin Contact:

Corrosive (Skin Burns): Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction.

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Corrosion: Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain; nausea; vomiting; and diarrhea; blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention. **Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing and clean shoes before reuse. **Inhalation:** Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention. **If Swallowed:** Do not induce vomiting. Give victim two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

Autoignition temperature Flash Point Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL) No Data Available >=200 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup] No Data Available No Data Available

5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use fire extinguishers with class B extinguishing agents (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide).

5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Contact with aluminum or zinc in a pressurized system may generate hydrogen gas which could create an explosion hazard.

Note: See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (SECTION 10) for hazardous combustion and thermal decomposition information.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate unprotected and untrained personnel from hazard area. The spill should be cleaned up by qualified personnel. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a toxic, corrosivity or flammability hazard.

6.2. Environmental precautions

For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water. Place in a metal container approved for use in transportation by appropriate authorities. The container must be lined with polyethylene plastic or contain a plastic drum liner made of polyethylene. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

Clean-up methods

Refer to other sections of this MSDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. Contain spill. For large spills, if necessary, get assistance from professional spill clean up team. For small spills, carefully neutralize spill by adding appropriate dilute acid such as vinegar. Work slowly to avoid boiling or spattering. Continue to add neutralizing agent until reaction stops. Let cool before collecting. Or use a commercially available caustic (alkaline or basic) spill clean-up kit. Follow kit directions exactly. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Clean up residue with detergent and water.

In the event of a release of this material, the user should determine if the release qualifies as reportable according to local, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 HANDLING

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water. Keep away from aluminum and zinc. Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below Occupational Exposure Limits. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

7.2 STORAGE

Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below Occupational Exposure Limits and/or control mist, vapor, or spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection

Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. The following eye protection(s) are recommended: Safety Glasses with side shields

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 3M[™] Marine Mildew Stain Remover, PN 09067 10/17/12

Indirect Vented Goggles

8.2.2 Skin Protection

Avoid skin contact.

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber Nitrile Rubber

8.2.3 Respiratory Protection

Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Consult the current 3M Respirator Selection Guide for additional information or call 1-800-243-4630 for 3M technical assistance.

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.

8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

Ingredient	<u>Authority</u>	Type	<u>Limit</u>	Additional Information
Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt (1:1)	AIHA	STEL	2 mg/m3	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	ACGIH	CEIL	2 mg/m3	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	CMRG	TWA	2 mg/m3	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	OSHA	TWA	2 mg/m3	
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	AIHA	STEL	2 mg/m3	

SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT DATA:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Odor, Color, Grade: General Physical Form: Autoignition temperature Flash Point Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL) Boiling Point Density Vapor Density Pale Yellow Liquid Fresh Chlorine Odor Liquid No Data Available >=200 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup] No Data Available No Data Available 1.035 - 1.045 g/ml No Data Available

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 3MTM Marine Mildew Stain Remover, PN 09067 10/17/12

Vapor Pressure

Specific Gravity pH Melting point Solubility In Water

Evaporation rate Hazardous Air Pollutants Volatile Organic Compounds Kow - Oct/Water partition coef Percent volatile VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents Viscosity No Data Available

1.035 - 1.045 [*Ref Std:* WATER=1] 12 - 13 *No Data Available No Data Available*

No Data Available 0 % weight 0.0 % weight [*Test Method:* calculated per CARB title 2] No Data Available 82 % weight 10 g/l [*Test Method:* calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] 40 - 60 centipoise [@ 25 °C] [*Test Method:* Brookfield] [*Details:* Brookfield LVT#2 @ 30 rpm]

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Materials and Conditions to Avoid: 10.1 Conditions to avoid None known

10.2 Materials to avoid Strong oxidizing agents Strong acids Reactive metals

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u> Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide <u>Condition</u> During Combustion During Combustion

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not determined.

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 3MTM Marine Mildew Stain Remover, PN 09067 10/17/12

Not determined.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method: Incinerate in a permitted hazardous waste incinerator in the presence of a combustible material. As a disposal alternative, dispose of waste product in a permitted hazardous waste facility. Combustion products will include HCl. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D002 (Corrosive)

Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

SECTION 14:TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ID Number(s):

LB-K100-1215-2, LB-K100-1242-1, 60-4550-6947-0

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No

STATE REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

CHEMICAL INVENTORIES

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are listed on the European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS), or are exempt polymers whose monomers are listed on EINECS. Contact 3M for more information.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

No revision information is available.

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