SAFETY DATA SHEET

2632

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: NAPA® Mac's® Engine Fogging Spray	
Product code	: 2632	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Aerosol.	
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Not applicable.		
Manufacturer	: Manufactured for: Automotive Redistribution Center c/o Balkamp, Inc. Corporate Office: Indianapolis, IN 46241	
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (800) 535-5053	
Product Information Telephone Number	: Not available.	
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902	
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300	

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 95.4%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol.
	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
	Harmful if swallowed.
	Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation.
	Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements		
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	
Response	Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
Storage	 Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. 	
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.	
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.	
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Aliphatic Solvent	59.6	64742-47-8
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	11.3	64742-88-7
Naphthenic Oil	11.1	64742-63-8
Propane	10.0	74-98-6
2-Butoxyethanol	3.7	111-76-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. 	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	 Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. 	
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	No specific data.	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/6/2015. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 1 3/12	

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste

disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

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: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. If not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Sto and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardout.	re
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment befor entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	re
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, co and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
Aliphatic Solvent		ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).	
		Absorbed through skin.	
		TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon	
		vapor) 8 hours.	
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent		OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).	
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
		TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Naphthenic Oil		ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).	
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable	
		fraction	
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).	
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist	
		STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist	
		OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).	
_		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Propane		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).	
		TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.	
		TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours.	
		OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).	
		TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.	
		TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
2-Butoxyethanol		ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).	
ate of issue/Date of revision : 4/6/20	15. Date of previous issue	: No previous validation. Version : 1 5/1.	

		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	other engineering controls to keep wor recommended or statutory limits. The	se process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o ker exposure to airborne contaminants below any engineering controls also need to keep gas, y lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements of e	cess equipment should be checked to ensure environmental protection legislation. In some eering modifications to the process equipment to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ires</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavatory Appropriate techniques should be used	d to remove potentially contaminated clothing. using. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this is necessary gases or dusts. If contact is possible,	roved standard should be used when a risk y to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, the following protection should be worn, unless pree of protection: safety glasses with side-
Skin protection		
Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chemic necessary. Considering the parameter during use that the gloves are still retai noted that the time to breakthrough for	complying with an approved standard should be cal products if a risk assessment indicates this is rs specified by the glove manufacturer, check ining their protective properties. It should be any glove material may be different for different ixtures, consisting of several substances, the e accurately estimated.
Body protection	performed and the risks involved and s handling this product. When there is a	body should be selected based on the task being should be approved by a specialist before risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- test protection from static discharges, clothing ts and gloves.
Other skin protection		al skin protection measures should be selected d the risks involved and should be approved by a
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air standard if a risk assessment indicates	r-fed respirator complying with an approved s this is necessary. Respirator selection must be re levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Not available.
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	:	0.192 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 0.7% Upper: 10.6%
Vapor pressure	:	13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	:	1.55 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	0.76
Solubility	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): <0.07 cm²/s (<7 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.07 cm²/s (<7 cSt)
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	:	Spray
Heat of combustion	1	0.00004014 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Version :1

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	LCLo Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	>3.1 mg/l	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Aliphatic Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Naphthenic Oil	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
2-Butoxyethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Date o	f issue/	Date of	revision

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Aliphatic Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Naphthenic Oil	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Propane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
2-Butoxyethanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard Name Result Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Propane ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effe	cts	
Eye contact		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation		Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the p	ohy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Delayed and immediate ef	<u>fec</u>	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health e	ffec	<u>ets</u>
Not available.		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 4/6/2015. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 1 9/12

Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates Route ATE value Oral 1633.8 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Aliphatic Solvent 2-Butoxyethanol	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Menidia beryllina	4 days 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2-Butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

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DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
-	-	-	-	-
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
<u>Special</u> <u>provisions</u> LIMITED QUANTITY	<u>Special</u> <u>provisions</u> LIMITED QUANTITY	<u>Special</u> provisions (ERG#126)	<u>Special</u> provisions LIMITED QUANTITY	Emergency schedules (EmS) LIMITED QUANTITY, F-D, S-U
	Classification UN1950 AEROSOLS 2.1 2.1 No.	ClassificationClassificationUN1950UN1950AEROSOLSAEROSOLS2.12.1	ClassificationClassificationUN1950UN1950UN1950AEROSOLSAEROSOLSAEROSOLS2.12.12.1Image: Special provisions LIMITEDSpecial provisions LIMITEDSpecial provisions (ERG#126)	ClassificationClassificationClassificationUN1950UN1950UN1950UN1950AEROSOLSAEROSOLSAEROSOLSAEROSOLS, flammable2.12.12.12.1

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations State regulations

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.