

# Material Safety Data Sheet

Super Diesel Additive



## 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** : Super Diesel Additive  
**Material uses** : Additive  
**Code** : 2002  
**Supplier** : LIQUI MOLY GmbH  
Jerg-Wieland-Strasse 4  
D-89081 Ulm-Lehr, Germany  
Tel.: +49(0)731 / 1420-0  
Fax: +49(0)731 / 1420-88  
**Prepared by** : Chemical Check GmbH  
**In case of emergency** : +49(0)731 / 1420-0

## 2. Hazards identification

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Clear.]  
**Color** : Brown. [Light]  
**Odor** : Characteristic.

### Emergency overview

**Signal word** : WARNING!

**Hazard statements** : **COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT AND EYE IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.**

**Precautions** : **Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.**

**Routes of entry** : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

### Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation** : **Toxic by inhalation. Slightly irritating to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.**

**Ingestion** : **Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.**

**Skin** : **Harmful in contact with skin. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.**

**Eyes** : **Slightly irritating to the eyes.**

### Potential chronic health effects

**Chronic effects** : **May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.**

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 2. Hazards identification

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Target organs** : May cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting

**Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking

**Eyes** :  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
watering  
redness

**Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	64742-82-1	40-70
2-ethylhexyl nitrate	27247-96-7	10-30
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	1-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

## 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### Antidote information

Product/ingredient name	Antidote information
No antidote information known	

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** :  Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable** : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** :  Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
 Hydrocarbons  
Toxic gases
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** :  Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.

## 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods for cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Occupational exposure limits</u>		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling			Notations
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	US ACGIH 3/2012	300	-	-	500	-	-	-	-	-	
	US ACGIH 3/2012	300	-	-	500	-	-	-	-	-	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Personal protection**
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Use appropriate respiratory protection if there is a risk of exceeding any exposure limits. [organic vapor filter (Type A)]
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.  
Recommended: If applicable: Nitrile gloves. Viton® gloves. Protective hand cream.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.  
Recommended: Safety shoes. Long-sleeved protective clothing.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Clear.]
- Flash point** : 63°C (145.4°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Flammable limits** : Lower: 0.6%  
Upper: 7%  
[Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)]

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Color</b>	: Brown. [Light]
<b>Odor</b>	: Characteristic.
<b>pH</b>	: Not available.
<b>Boiling/condensation point</b>	: 145°C (293°F)
<b>Melting/freezing point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Density</b>	: 0.842 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [15°C (59°F)]
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: Not available.
<b>Vapor density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.07 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (<7 cSt)
<b>Solubility</b>	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
<b>LogK<sub>ow</sub></b>	: 4.2 to 7.2 [Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)]
<b>Physical/chemical properties comments</b>	: Partition Coefficient (LogKow): 3.7 to 5.2 (2-ethylhexyl nitrate)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	13.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
2-ethylhexyl nitrate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4.6 mg/l	1 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>9640 mg/kg	-

### Chronic toxicity

Not available.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

### Sensitizer

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

#### Classification

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** : This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy  2-ethylhexyl nitrate	NOEC 0.097 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 >12.6 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >12.6 mg/l Acute LC50 1.88 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Brachydanio rerio	48 hours 96 hours

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)  2-ethylhexyl nitrate	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	74.7 % - 28 days	-	-
	-	0 % - 28 days	-	-

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : 4.2 to 7.2 [Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)]

**Bioconcentration factor** : Not available.



## 12. Ecological information

- Mobility** : Not available.
- Toxicity of the products of biodegradation** : Not available.
- Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

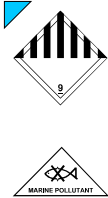
## 13. Disposal considerations

- Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>TDG Classification</b>	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-ethylhexyl nitrate). Marine pollutant	9	III		<u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 5 <u>Special provisions</u> 16
<b>IMDG Class</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		
<b>IATA-DGR Class</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

- United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.
- WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).  
Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic).



## 15. Regulatory information

### Canadian lists

- Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: Hydrotreated heavy naphtha
- CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.
- Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

- International lists** :
- Australia inventory (AICS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
  - China inventory (IECSC)**: All components are listed or exempted.
  - Japan inventory**: Not determined.
  - Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.
  - Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.
  - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: All components are listed or exempted.
  - Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
  - Taiwan inventory (CSNN)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals** : Not listed
- Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals** : Not listed
- Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals** : Not listed

## 16. Other information

- Label requirements** :  COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT AND EYE IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	*	2
Flammability		2
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

- Date of issue** : 21/06/2013.
- Date of previous issue** : 09/06/2010.
- Version** : 2.1

## 16. Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.