1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**Product identifier**

**Product SDS Name**  Steel Reinforced Epoxy Hardener – Fast Cure – Twin Tubes - Part B

**J-B Weld FG SKU Part Numbers Covered**

8276, 8276F, 8276A, 8276H, 8270, 8270F, 8271, 80176, 7276, 7270

**J-B Weld Product Names Covered**

KwikWeld™ (Twin Tubes), J-B Kwik™ (Twin Tubes)

**J-B Weld Product Type**

Epoxy

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

**Recommended Use**  General Purpose Adhesive

**Uses advised against**  No information available

**Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

**Supplier Name**  J-B WELD COMPANY, LLC

**Supplier Address**  1130 COMO ST

SULPHUR SPRINGS, TX 75482

USA

**Emergency Telephone Numbers**

Transportation Emergencies: Chemtrec (24 hour transportation emergency response info): 800-424-9300 or 703-527-3887

Poison/Medical Emergencies: Poison Control Centers (24 hour emergency poison / medical response info): 800-222-1222

**Supplier Email**  info@jbweld.com

**Supplier Phone Number**  903-885-7696

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**OSHA/HCS status**  This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture**

**GHS label elements**  ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 4

ACUTE TOXICITY: SKIN – Category 4

**Hazard pictograms**

**Signal word**  Warning!

**Hazard statements**  Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.
Precautionary statements

Prevention
Wear protective gloves, Wear protective clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage
Not applicable.

Disposal
Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazes not otherwise classified
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance/mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ingredient name</td>
<td>% by weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol</td>
<td>1-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation
Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact
Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Ingestion
Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation
Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact
Harmful in contact with skin.

Eye contact
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion
Harmful if swallowed.
**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

- **Inhalation**: No specific data.
- **Skin contact**: No specific data.
- **Eye contact**: No specific data.
- **Ingestion**: No specific data.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Notes to physician**
In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**
No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

---

### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing media**

- **Suitable extinguishing media**: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- **Unsuitable extinguishing media**: None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Instability/Reactivity</th>
<th>Special</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products**
Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide
- nitrogen oxides
- sulfur oxides
- metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel**
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**
If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Small spill**
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill**
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose some hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Do not store below the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

---

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Appropriate engineering controls**

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Respiratory protection**

Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Skin protection
Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection
Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection
Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Eye/face protection
Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical state</th>
<th>Liquid.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>White.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Pungent. [Strong]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Closed cup: &gt;93.3°C (&gt;199.9°F) [Setaflash.] [Product does not sustain combustion.]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor density</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>1.902</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in water</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>&gt;220°C (&gt;392°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOC (% content)</td>
<td>&lt;1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reactivity</th>
<th>No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical stability</td>
<td>The product is stable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possibility of hazardous reactions</td>
<td>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1280 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1200 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Irritation/Corrosion**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol</td>
<td>Eyes – Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 50 Micrograms</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin – Mild Irritant</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.025 Milliliters</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin – Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0.25 Milliliters</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin – Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 2 milligrams</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin – mild irritant</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>72 hours 300 Micrograms</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Skin – mild irritant</td>
<td>Human</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 300 Micrograms</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sensitization**

No specific data.

**Mutagenicity**

No specific data.

**Carcinogenicity**

No specific data.

**Classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2B</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reproductive toxicity**

No specific data.

**Teratogenicity**

No specific data.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

No specific data.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

No specific data.

**Aspiration hazard**

No specific data.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure**

Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**
Eye contact
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation
Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact
Harmful in contact with skin.

Ingestion
Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Eye contact</th>
<th>No specific data.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>No specific data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>No specific data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>No specific data.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potential immediate effects</th>
<th>Not available.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Potential delayed effects</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Long term exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Potential immediate effects</th>
<th>Not available.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Potential delayed effects</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Potential chronic health effects
No specific data.

General
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>1507.9 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td>1608.5 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Acute LC50 1000000µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Fish – Fundulus heteroclitus</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability
No specific data.

Bioaccumulative potential
Product/ingredient name | Log\textsubscript{ Pow } | BCF | Potential \\
--- | --- | --- | --- \\
2,4,6-tris 9dimethylaminomethyl) phenol | 0.219 | - | low \\
titanium dioxide | - | 352 | low \\

**Mobility in soil**

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K\textsubscript{OC})**  Not available.

**Other adverse effects**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**RCRA classification**

Not available.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>TDG Classification</th>
<th>Mexico Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Special precautions for user**

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**U.S. Federal regulations**
- **TSCA 8(a) PAIR:** Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica
- **TSCA 9(a) CDR Exempt/partial exemption:** Not determined

**Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**
- Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances**
- Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances**
- Not listed

**SARA 302/304**
- Classification: Immediate (acute) health hazard

**Composition/information on ingredients**
- No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ**
- Not applicable

**SARA 311/312**
- Immediate (acute) health hazard

### Composition / information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Fire hazard</th>
<th>Sudden release of pressure</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Immediate (acute) health hazard</th>
<th>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol</td>
<td>1-5</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide</td>
<td>0.1-1</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**State regulations**

**Massachusetts**
- The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; CALCIUM CARBONATE

**New York**
- None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey**
- The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; SULFURIC ACID; BARIUM SALT (1:1); CALCIUM CARBONATE; LIMESTONE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO2)

**Pennsylvania**
- The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; LIMESTONE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO2)

**Minnesota Hazardous Substances**
- None of the components are listed.

**California Prop. 65**
- WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

### Ingredient Name

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient Name</th>
<th>Cancer</th>
<th>Reproductive</th>
<th>No significant risk level</th>
<th>Maximum acceptable dosage level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>crystalline silica non-respirable</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Canada inventory**
- All components are listed or exempted.

**International regulations**
- **Australia inventory (AICS):** All components are listed or exempted.
- **China inventory (IECSC):** All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Substances of very high concern None of the components are listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Key to abbreviations
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
UN = United Nations

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