Tech tip

SKF developed some of its bearing part numbering as a support and convenience tool for its customers.

Ball bearings – the first two numbers represent the basic series for the part number and the second two numbers represent the bore size, and the last part of the number represents the bearing nomenclature. For example, <u>62</u>03-2RSJ indicates a single row, light metric bearing with a 25mm bore size, one seal and steel cage. Here are the details:

First two numbers

30 = Single row, extra-small, metric
6000 = Single row, extra-light, metric
6200 = Single row, light, metric
6300 = Single row, medium, metric
5200 = Double row, light, metric
5300 = Double row, medium, metric
7200 = Single row, angular-contact, metric

If you need a maximum capacity bearing in the above sizes you can check availability by removing the first number. For example a 6207-J series bearing will be a 207-J number for the maximum capacity bearing.

Second two numbers

00 = 10mm	05 = 25mm
01 = 12mm	12 = 60mm
02 = 15mm	20 = 100mm
03 = 17mm	22 = 110mm
04 = 20mm	

For bore sizes 04 and above multiply last two numbers by 5.

Last part of the number

- ZNJ = Shield on opposite snap ring groove
- NR = Snap ring groove on outer ring included
- RSZ = Seal on one side, shield on the other
- ZNBR = Shield and snap ring on one side
- ZNRJ = Shield on side opposite snap ring
- N = Snap ring groove
- RS = One seal
- Z = One shield
- J = Steel cage

The number **2** preceding the suffix indicates a double seal or shield.

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