## L DESASSEMBLY.

a. Disassemble in the general order of index numbers on opposite side of this sheet. Disassembly need not be carried further than indicated by the drawing except for unusual conditions. If the choke piston is not free after cleaning (indicated by resistance of choke valve movement), the welch plug at end of choke piston cylinder may be removed; the piston and cylinder cleaned thoroughly and piston replaced, if necessary.

b. Take notice of original positions and holes from which linkage rods are removed so they can be returned to the same locations during reassembly.

c. The main well and economizer assembly (19) contains the pump inlet ball and outlet ball plus the power jet assembly. These parts and internal passages will be cleaned after soaking time in the cleaning solvent and will normally be restored to good operating condition.

(DO NOT REMOVE IDLE ADJ. NEEDLE LIMITER CAP.) II. CLEANING.

NOTE: Do not soak leather, rubber or other parts of this nature in the cleaning solvent.

Soak parts long enough to soften and remove all foreign material. Use a regular carburetor cleaning solvent, lacquer thinner, or denatured alcohol. Use a small brush to aid cleaning, if necessary. Make certain the throttle body is free of all hard carbon deposits. Blow out all passages in castings with compressed air and check carefully to insure thorough cleaning of obscure areas.

#### III. REASSEMBLY.

- a. Reassemble the carburetor, using essentially the reverse order of disassembly.
- b. Refer to paragraph I, b, when installing linkage rods.
- c. For normal operation connect the pump link in middle hole of throttle lever. For cold climates use outer hole: for hot climates use inner hole.

# IV. FLOAT ADJUSTMENT. (See figure 1.)

C. A. P. = CLEAN AIR PACKAGE C. A. S. = CLEANER AIR SYSTEM

a. Prior to installing fuel bowl, place carburetor upsidedown and measure float height with the gage included in the kit. The gage should be positioned at the end of level (top) surface of float as shown.

- b. To adjust, bend the float tab which touches end of needle, being careful not to distort the float lever which might cause it to bind.
- V. FAST IDLE CAM POSITION (1962-63 See Figure 2) a. Hold choke valve and throttle valve closed. With carburetor in upright position, the index mark on fastidle cam should be aligned with the center of fast-idle
- b. If an adjustment is required, bend the fast-idle rod, as shown, until index marks line up with screw.
- See Figure 3.) Place fast idle screw on c. (1964 low step of fast idle cam and against second step. Hold choke valve toward closed position, and measure distance between upper edge of choke valve and air horn wall. To adjust bend fast idle rod. (See Data Table for measurement.) 1965-73 SECOND STEP NEXT TO HIGH STEP.

# VI. IDLE ADJUSTMENT (See Figure 2)

Engine at operating temp, and choke wide open adjust idle adjusting needle to smooth idle, adjust throttle stop screw for proper R.P.M. Make adjustment with headlights and air condition on A/T in neutral. (See Data Table for R.P.M.)

# VII. BOWL VENT ADJUSTMENT. (See Figure 4)

WITH THROTTLE AT CURB IDLE SPEED THE BOWL VENT VALVE SHOULD BE RAISED OFF ITS SEAT AS SHOWN FIG. 4 B. IF ADJUSTMENT IS REQUIRED BEND TAB AT LOCATION SHOWN. 1966-73 BEND ROD AT HORIZONTAL PORTION. 1970-73 E.C.S. MODELS CHECK CLEARANCE BETWEEN VENT VALVE STEM AND OPERATING ROD.

### VIII. FAST IDLE ADJUSTMENT

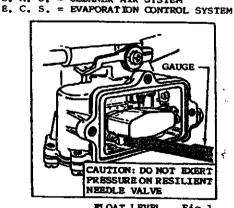
1962-63 (See Figure 2) Set fast idle screw on index mark of fast idle cam and adjust to proper R.P.M.

1964-67 (See Figure 3) set fast idle screw on low step of fast idle cam and adjust to proper R.P.M. (See Data Table for R.P.M.)

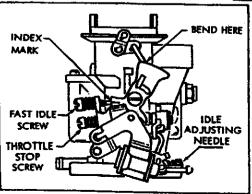
1966-69 W/C. A. P. ON SECOND HIGHEST STEP. 1970-73 ALL ON SECOND HIGHEST STEP.

## ADJUSTMENT DATA TABLE

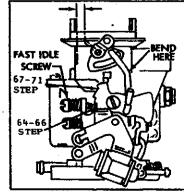
BARRACUDA-DART-DODGE PLYMOUTH-VALIANT	FLOAT LEVEL	FAST IDLE CAM POSITION	SLOW IDLE R.P.M.	FAST IDLE R.P.M.
1962 EARLY MODELS WITHOUT FLOAT SPRING	9/32"	INDEX	550	1900 S/T 1700 A/T
1962-63 WITH FLOAT SPRING	3/16"	INDEX	550	1500 S/T 1700 A/T
1964 - 170" - 225" Eng.	3/16"	15/64"	550	700
1965 • 170" • 225" Eng.	3/16"	5/84**	<b>660</b>	700
1966-67 225" Eng.	3/16"	3/32"	560	700
1986-89 225" Eng.	1	_	1	1
S/T W/C.A.P.	3/16"	3/32"	650	1580
A/T W/C.A.P.	3/16"	1/16"	660	1550
1970-71 225" Eng.	1 1		}	1
All S/T	3/16"	1/16"	700	1600
AH A/T	3/16"	1/16"	650	1800
1972 198" Eng. All S/T	3/16"	1/16"	800	2000
All A/T	3/16"	1/16"	800	1900
225" Eng. All S/T	3/16"	1/16"	750	2000
Alt A/T	3/16"	1/16"	750	1900
1973 198" Eng. A/T	9/32"	5/84"	750	1700 All A/T
All Others	9/32"	3/32"	750	2000 AH S/T
1985-71 DODGE TRUCK 170" - 225" Eng.	3/16"		560	
1984-86 KAISER JEEP 6 CYL. 230" Eng.	3/16"	<b>-</b>	550	



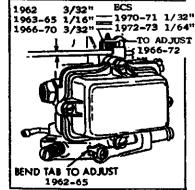
FLOAT LEVEL Fig.1



FAST IDLE CAM POSITION



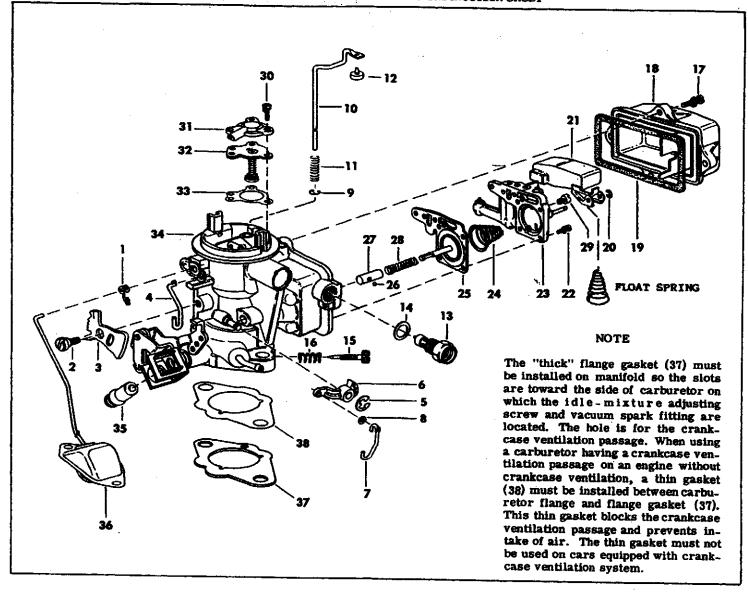
FAST IDLE CAM POSITION



BOWL VENT ADJ. Pig.4

# GENERAL EXPLODED VIEW

THE GENERAL DESIGN AND PARTS SHOWN WILL VARY TO INDIVIDUAL UNITS COVERED ON THIS INSTRUCTION SHEET



## Index

#### No. NOMENCLATURE

- 1. Choke rod retainer clip
- 2. Fast-idle cam screw
- 3. Fast-idle cam
- Fast-idle rod
- 5. Pump lever retainer ("E" washer)
- 6. Pump lever
- 7. Pump link
- 8. Pump-link washer
- 9. Bowl vent rod retainer ("E" washer)
- 10. Bowl vent rod
- 11. Bowl vent rod spring
- 12. Bowl vent valve
- 13. Needle and seat assembly
- 14. Needle seat gasket
- 15. Idle-mixture adjusting needle
- 16. Idle adjusting needle spring
- 17. Screw and lockwasher assembly
- 18. Fuel bowl
- 19. Fuel-bowl gasket

## Index

#### No. NOMENCLATURE

- Float lever retainer ("E" washer)
- 21. Float assembly
- 22. Screw and lockwasher assembly
- 23. Main well and economizer body assy.
- 24. Pump diaphragm spring
- 25. Pump diaphragm assembly
- Pump push-rod sleeve ball 26.
- 27. Pump push-rod sleeve
- 28. Pump push-rod spring
- 29. Main-metering jet
- 30. Screw and lockwasher assembly
- 31. Economizer diaphragm cover 32.
- Economizer diaphragm assembly
- 33. Economizer diaphragm gasket
- 34. Body assembly
- 35. Throttle-rod insulator bushing
- 36. Automatic choke assy. (well type)
- 37. Manifold flange gasket, thick (see "note", above)
- 38. Manifold flange gasket, thin (see "note", above)